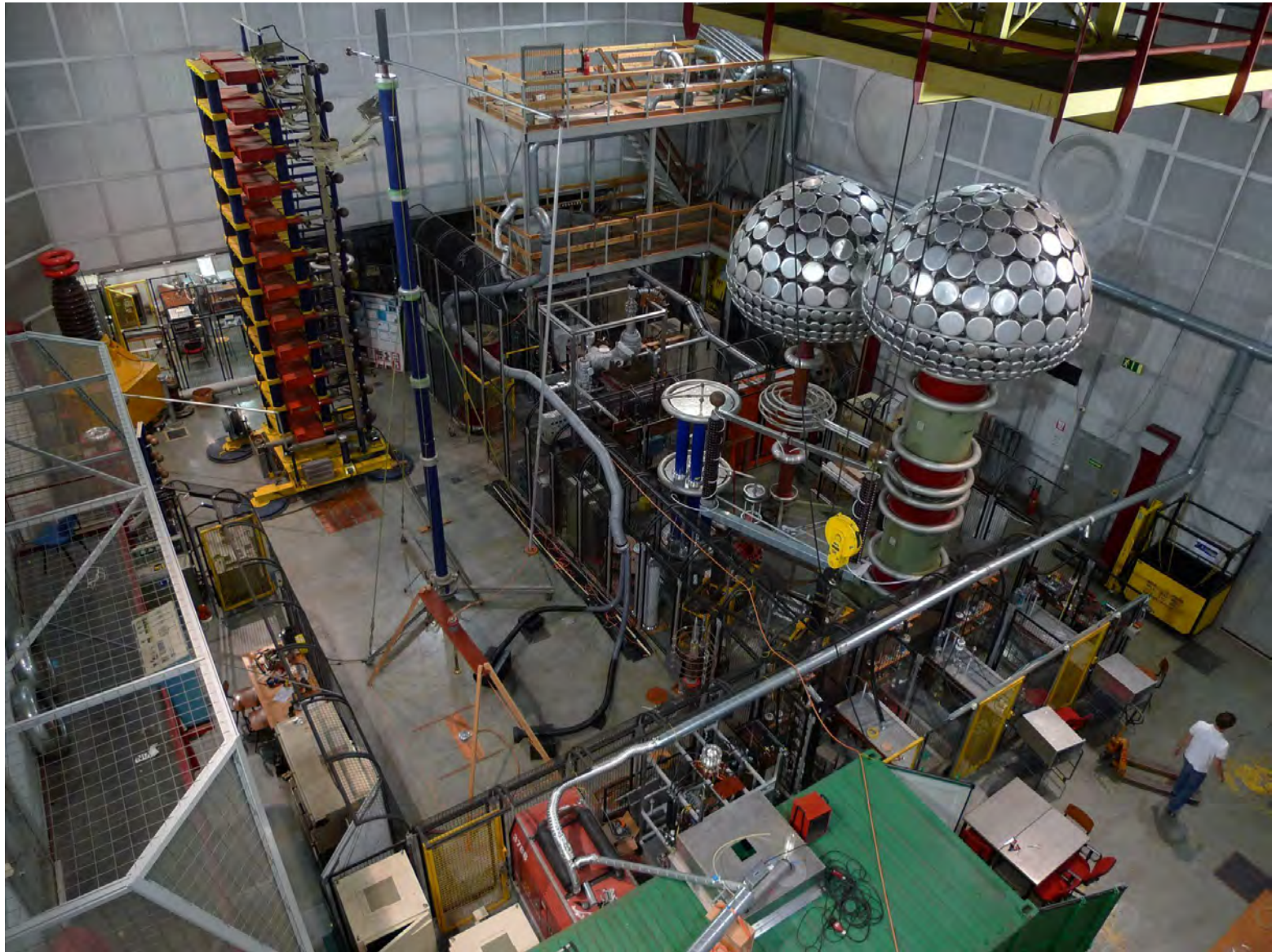


OBSERVATION of Long laboratory sparks and lightning interaction with aircraft

by Pavlo Kochkin

Research school of Birkeland Centre for Space Science:
Atmospheric Electricity and Hard radiation from Thunderclouds

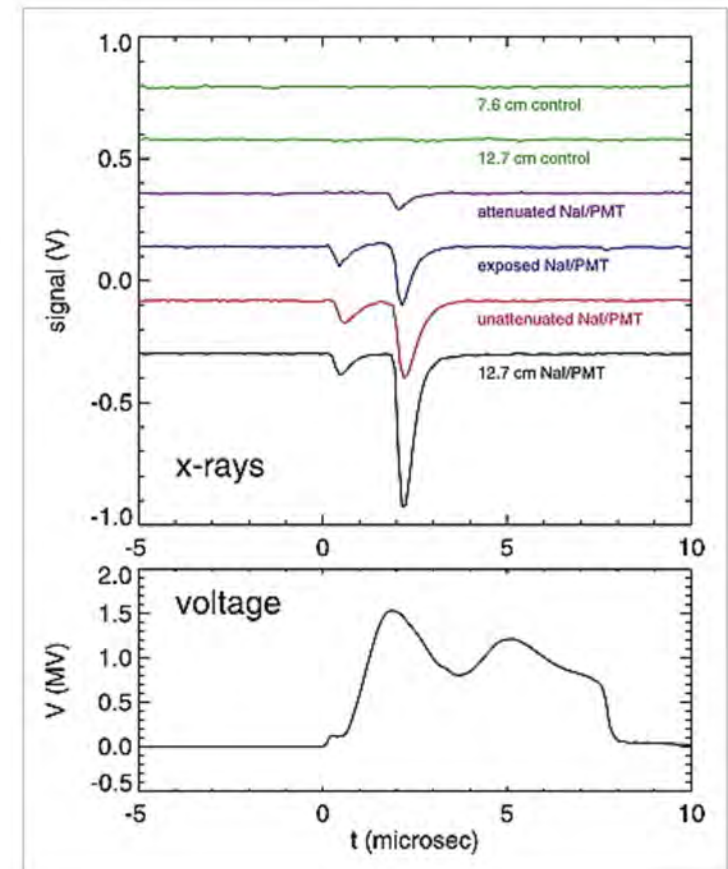
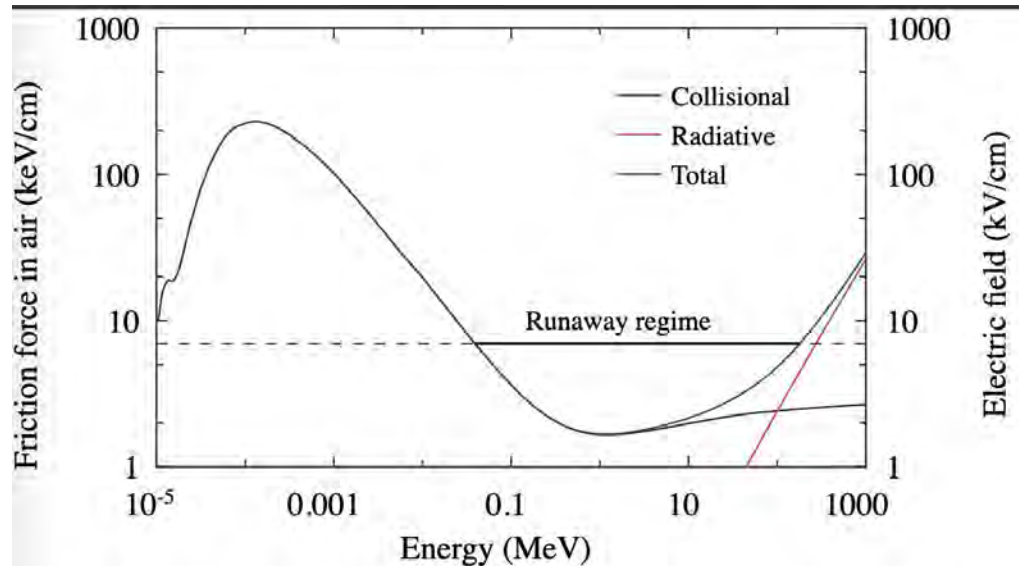


X-ray bursts produced by laboratory sparks in air

J. R. Dwyer , H. K. Rassoul, Z. Saleh, M. A. Uman, J. Jerauld, J. A. Plumer

First published: 22 October 2005 | <https://doi.org/10.1029/2005GL024027> | Cited by: 59

- Intensity and spectra are inconsistent with RREA
- Cold runaway breakdown

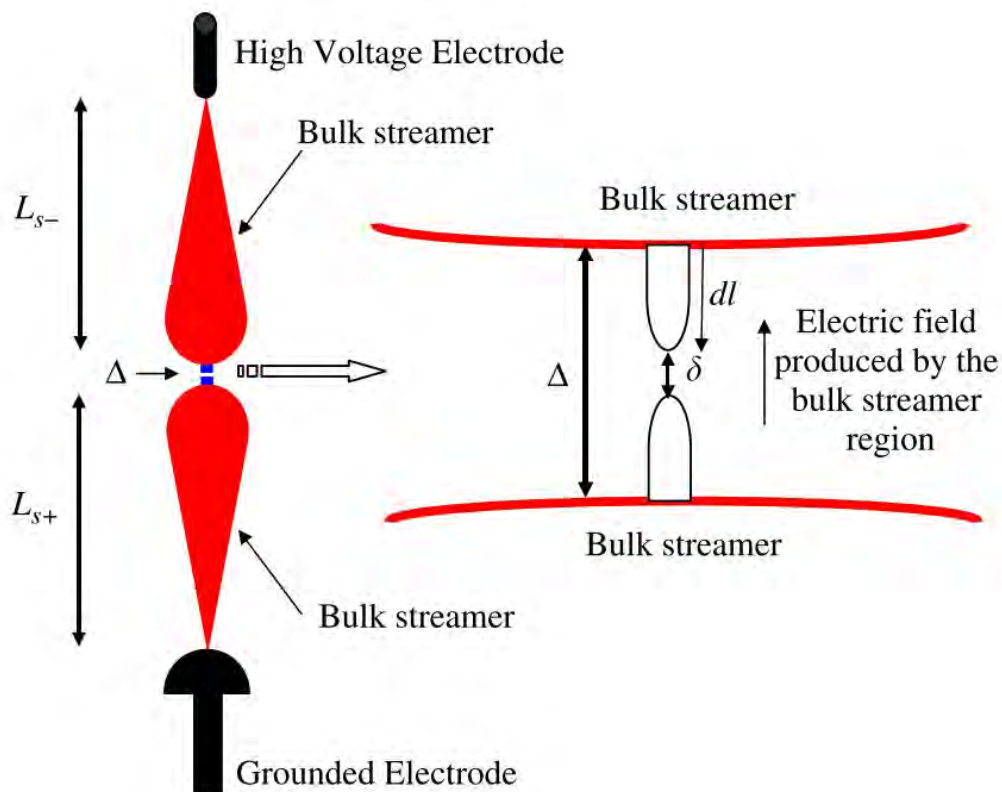


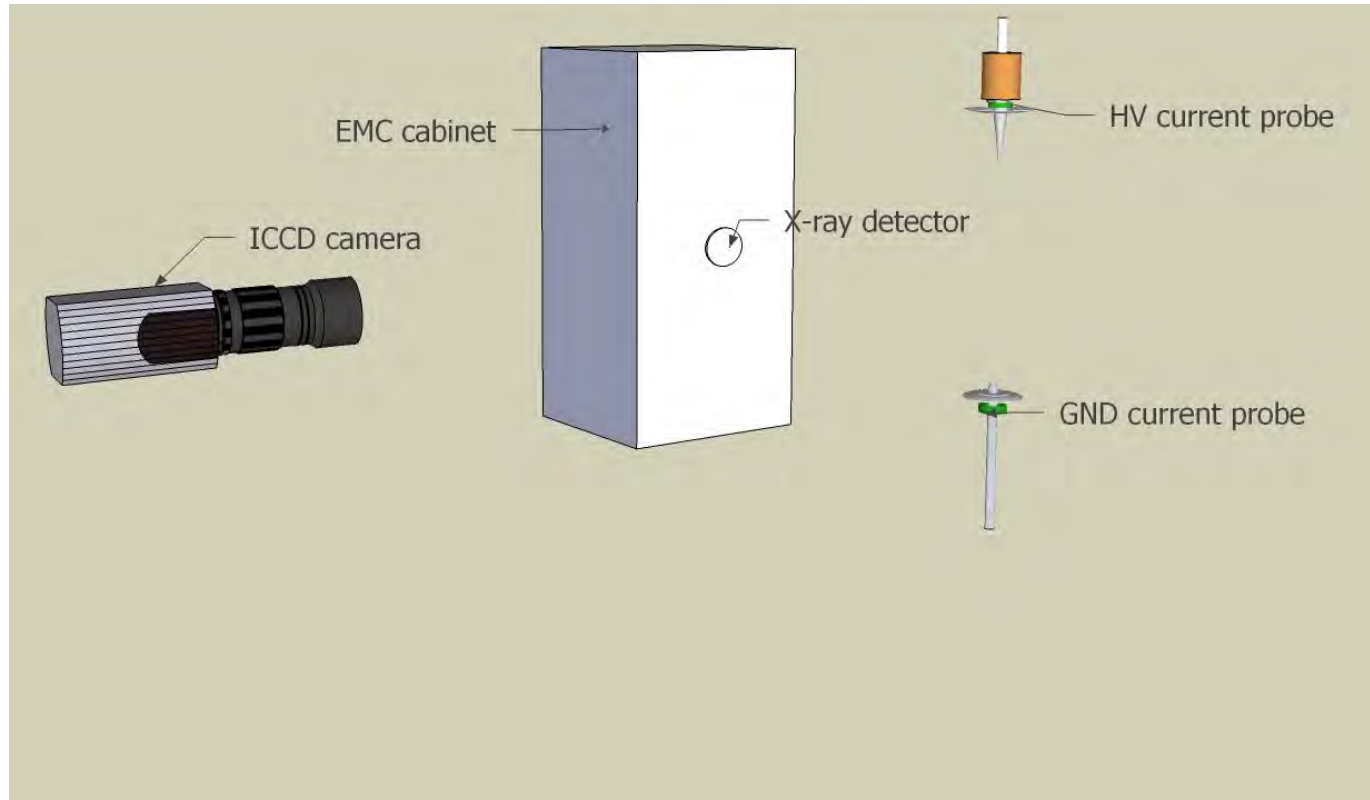
On the possible origin of X-rays in long laboratory sparks

Vernon Cooray^{a,*}, Liliana Arevalo^a, Mahbubur Rahman^a, Joseph Dwyer^b, Hamid Rassoul^b

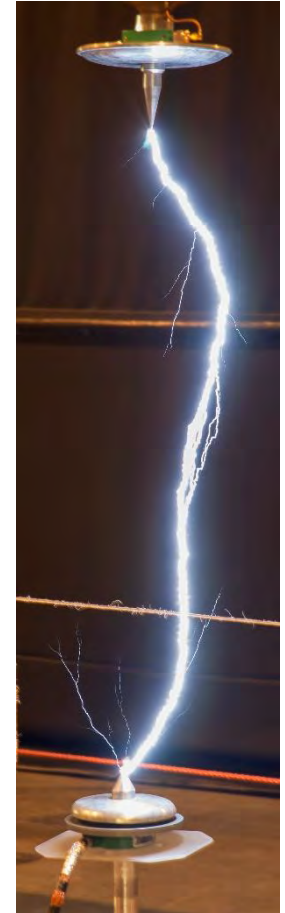
"... an encounter between two streamer heads in the mid gap region can push the electrons to energies in the range of 200 keV."

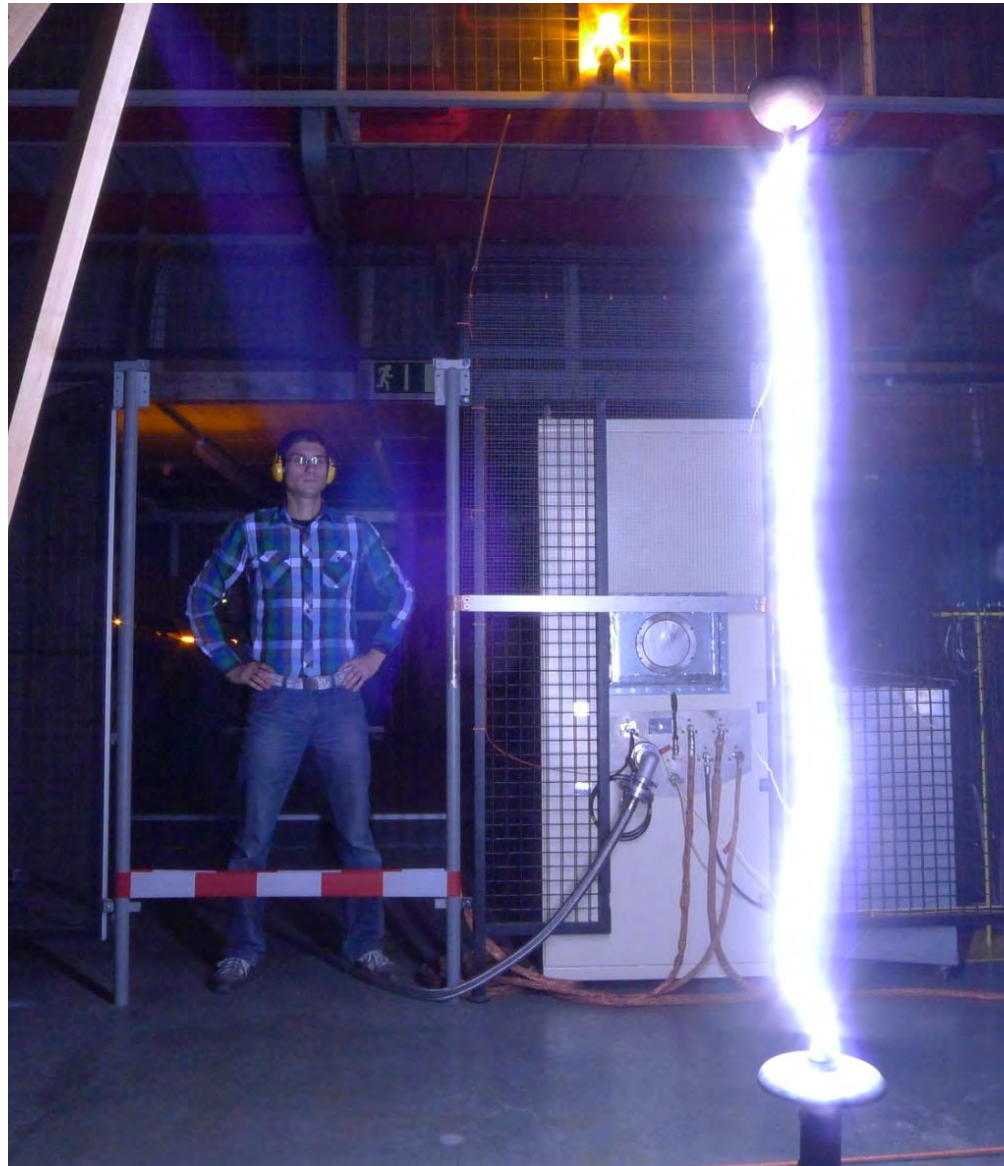
Time resolved photography in simultaneous measurement of X-rays would be able to confirm this prediction.



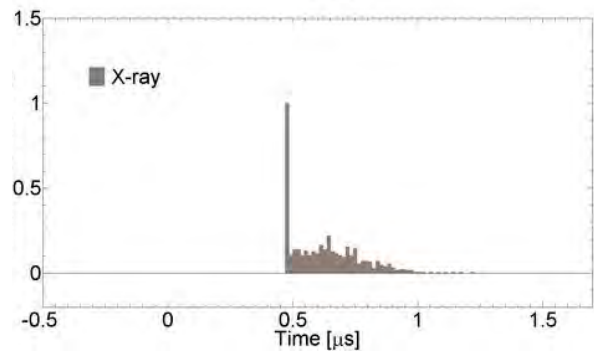
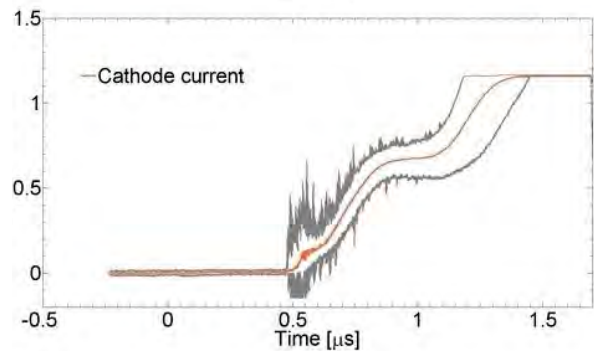
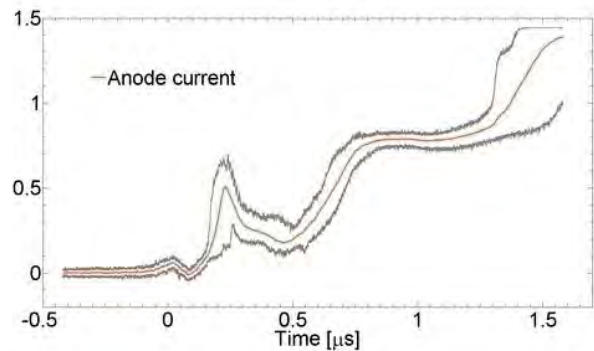
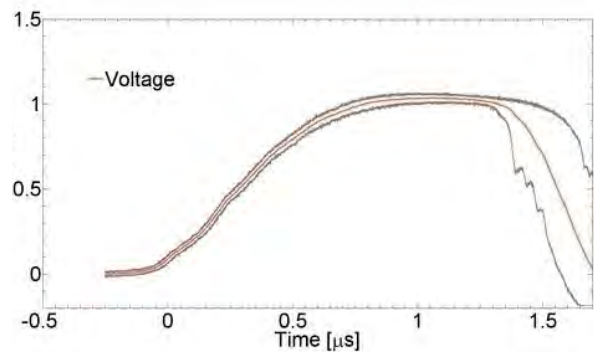


1 MV over 1 meter spark





Voltage
HV
current
GND
current
X-rays
[appearance]



+



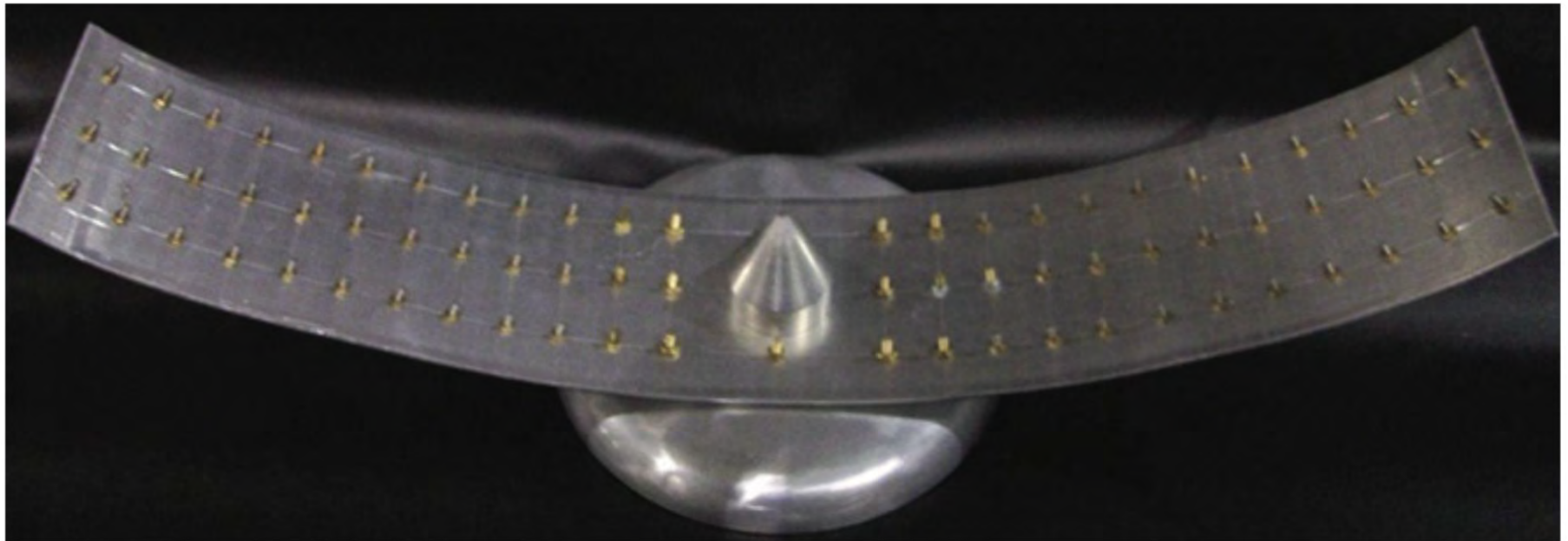
HV-electrode



GND-electrode

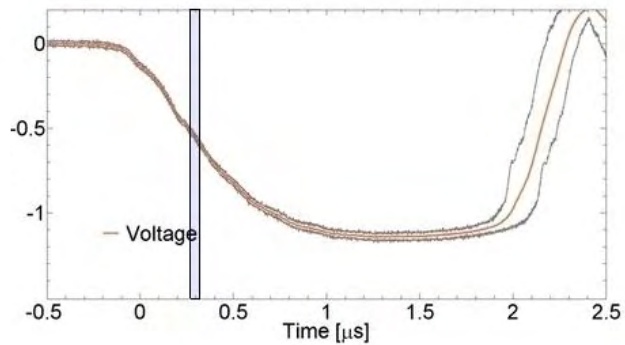
Positive discharge animation <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1n96IHrKelw>

Paper <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0022-3727/45/42/425202/meta>

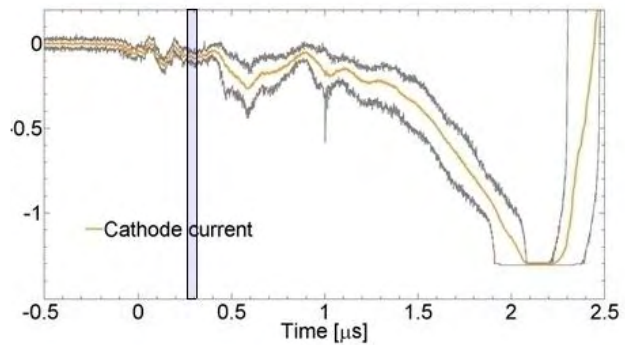


Negative streamers is necessary condition to produce X-rays

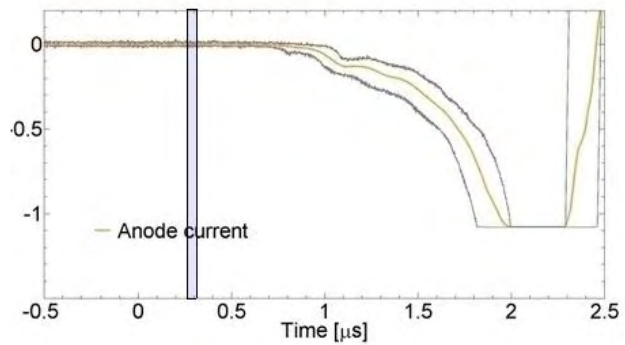
Voltage



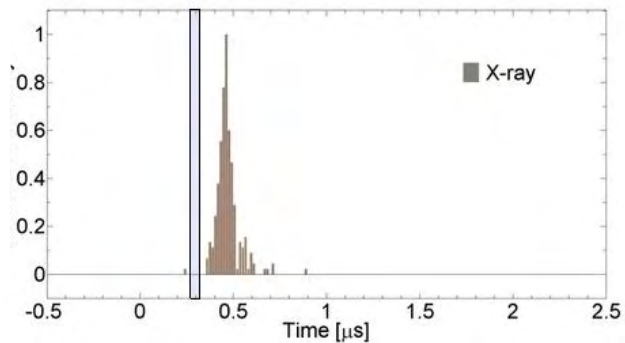
HV
current



GND
current



X-rays
[appearance]



HV-electrode

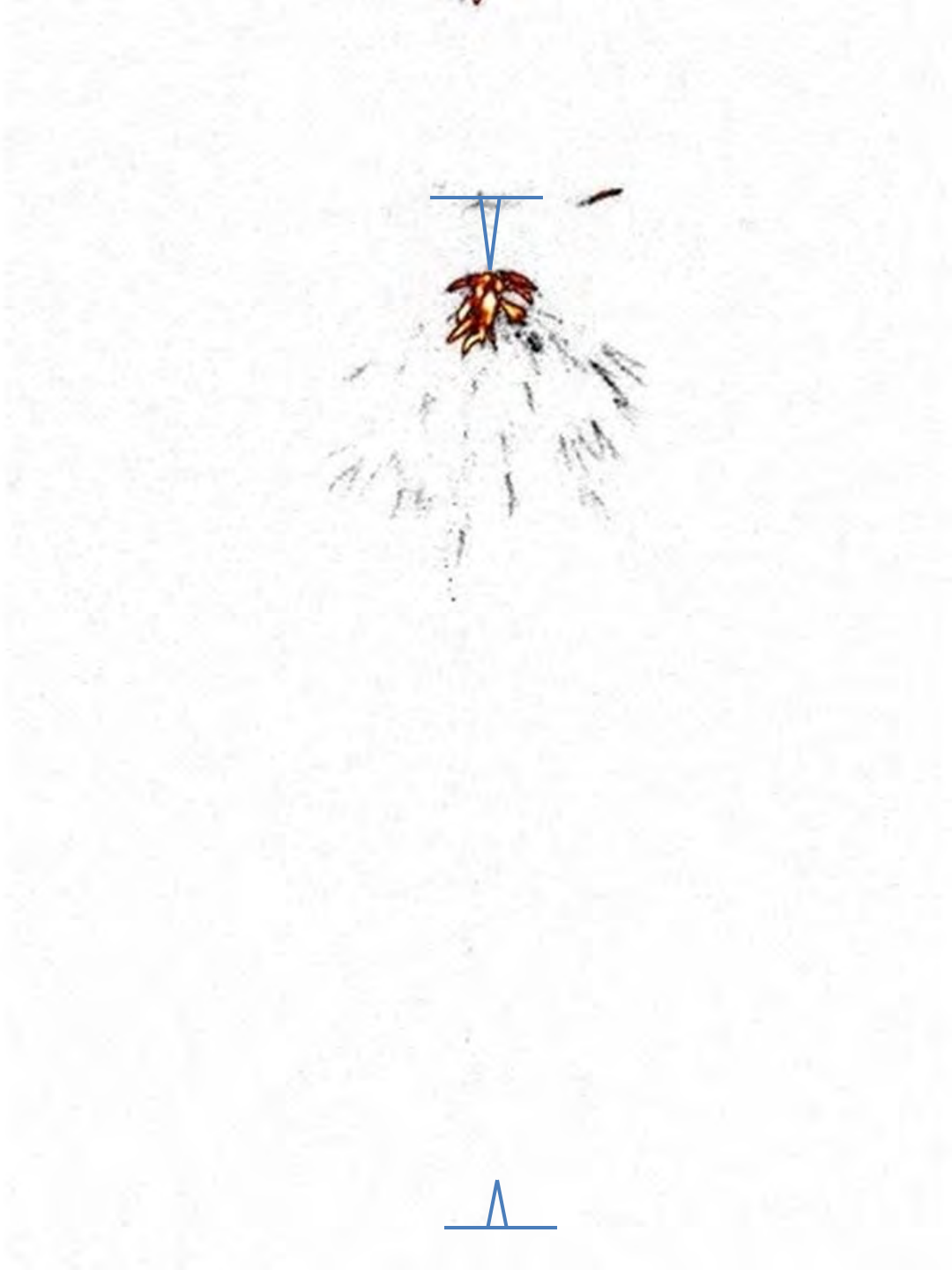
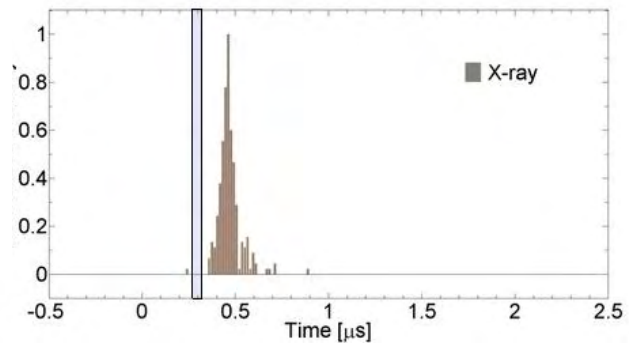
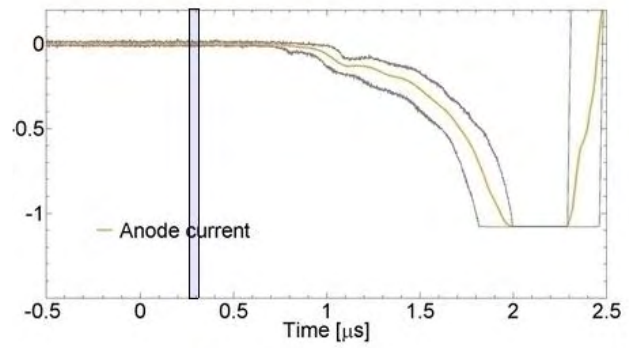
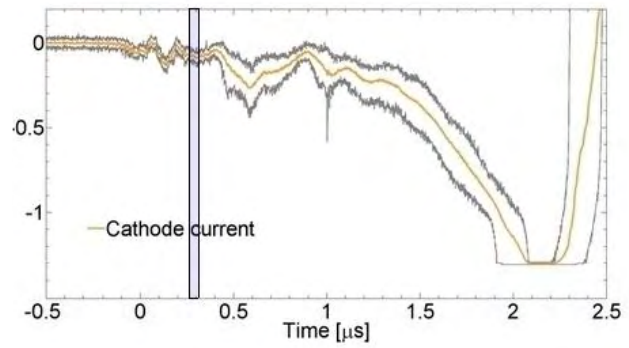
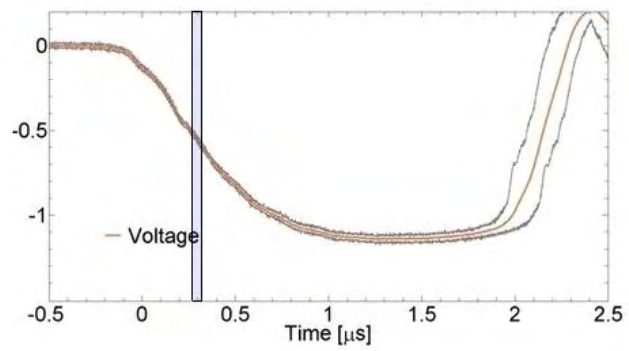


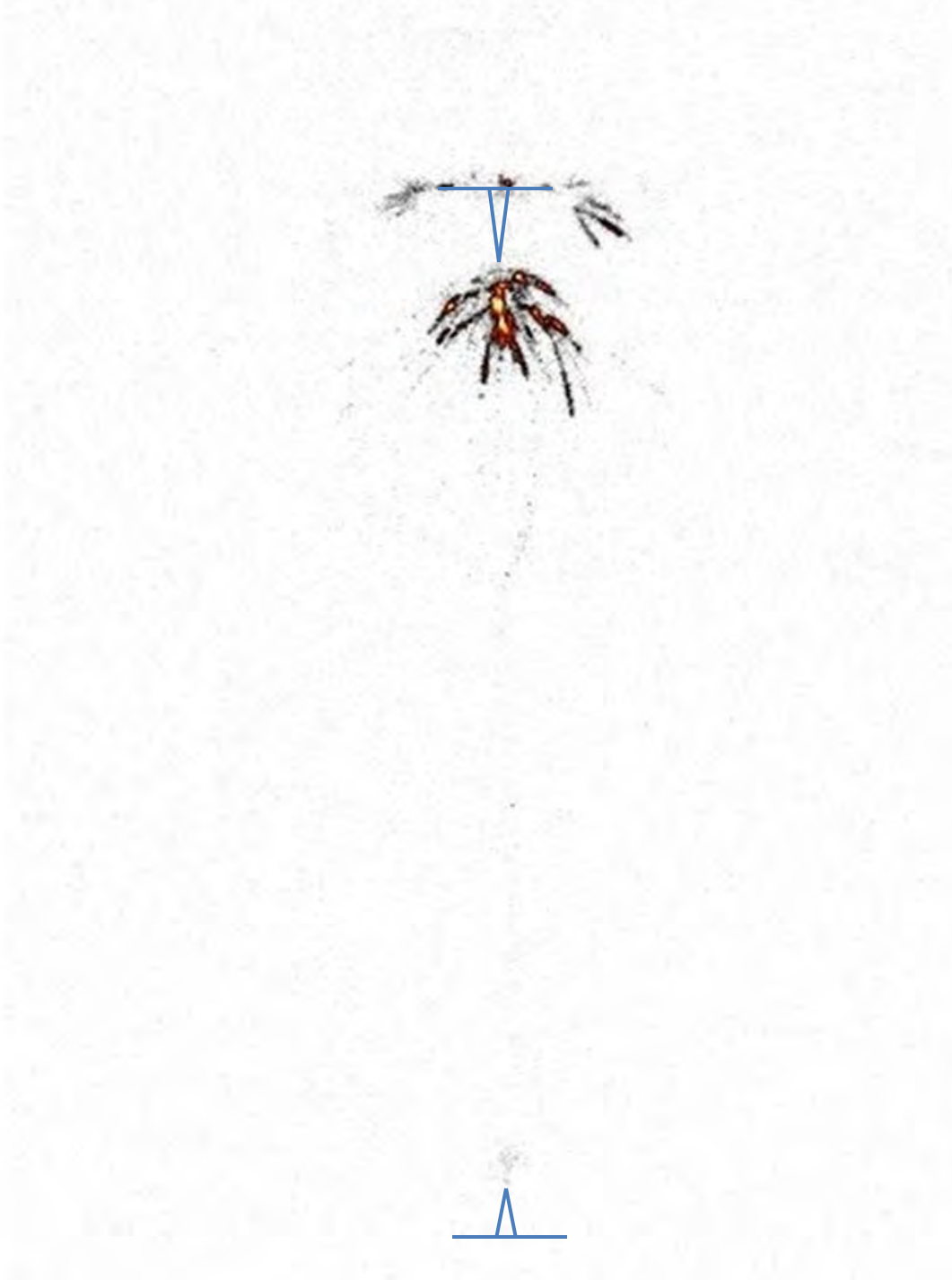
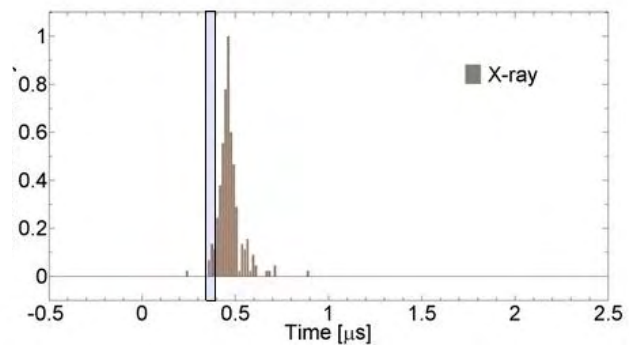
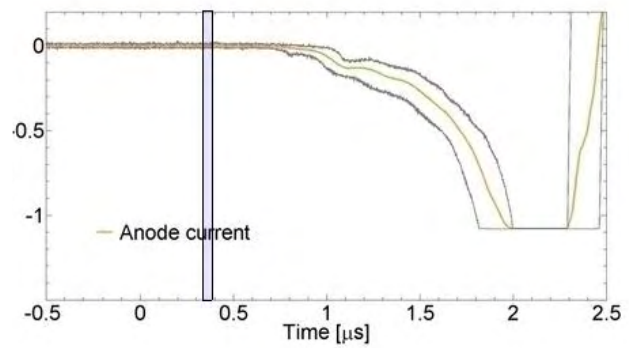
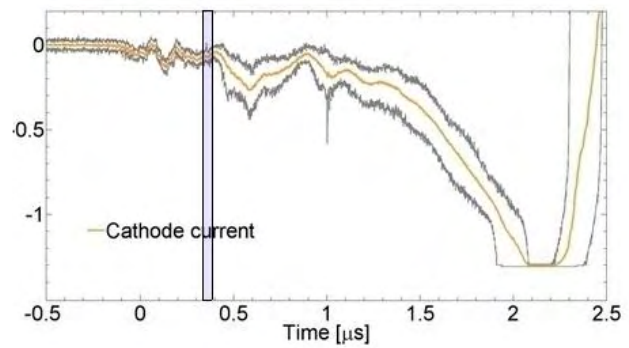
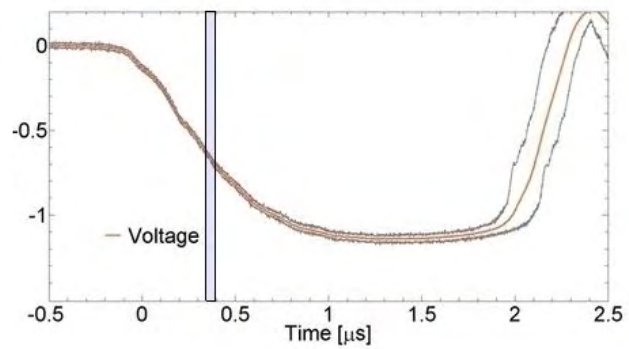
GND-electrode

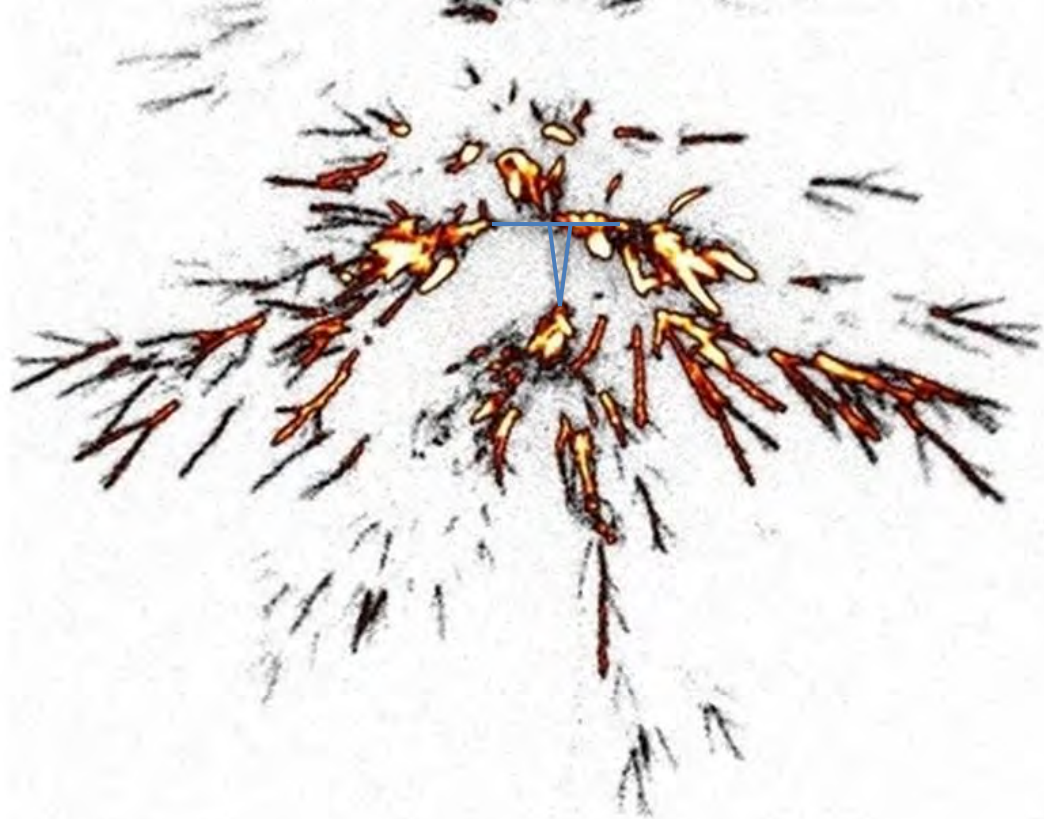
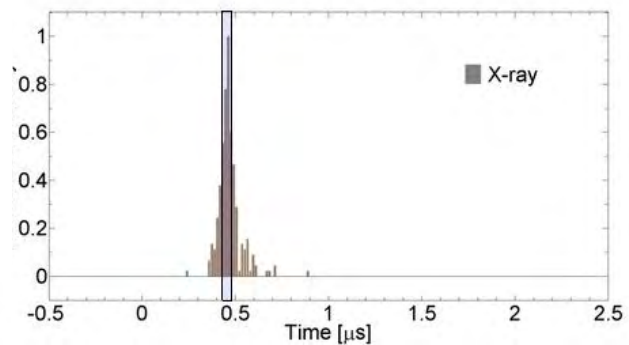
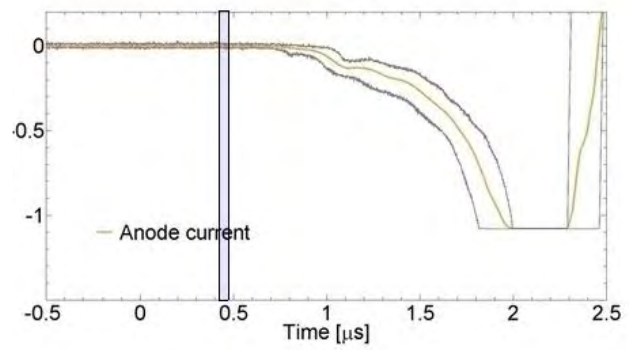
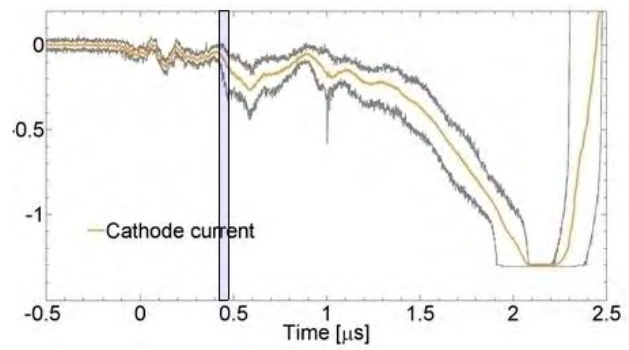
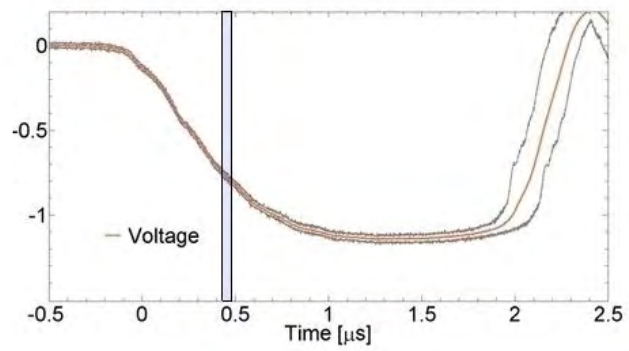
Negative discharge animation <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2vjElSVaiPo>

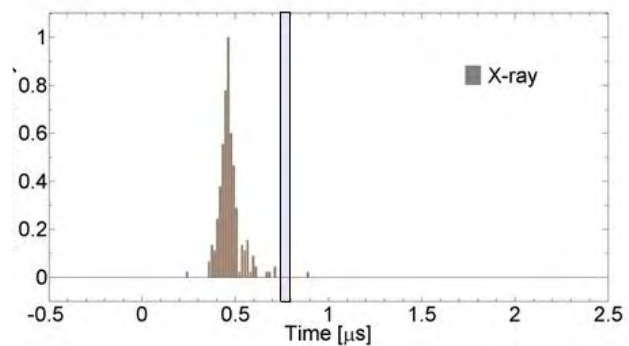
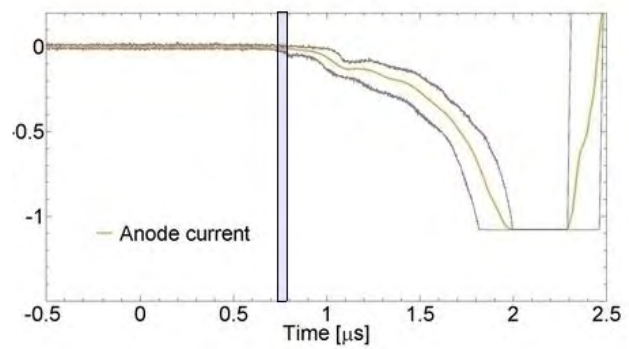
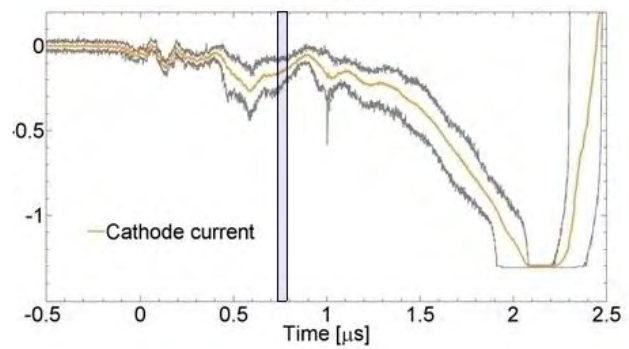
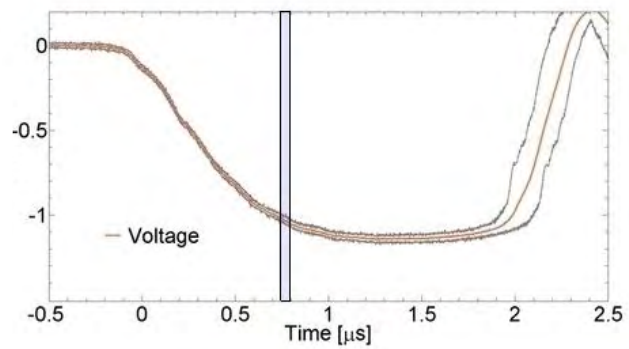
Papers

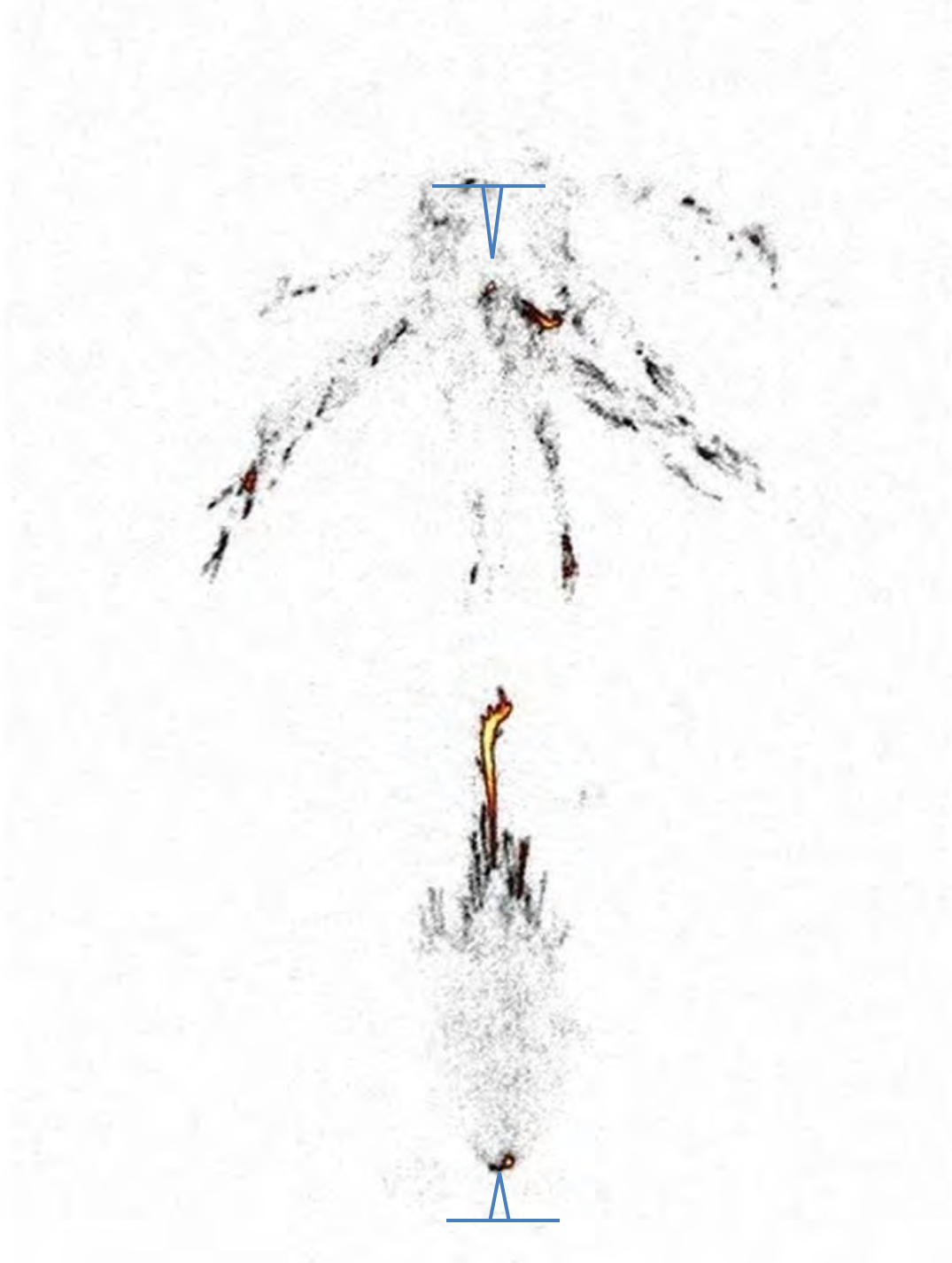
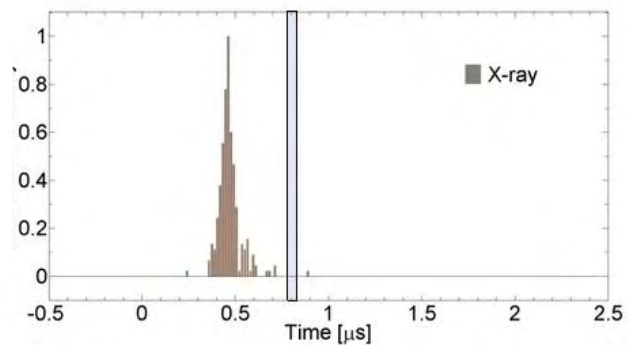
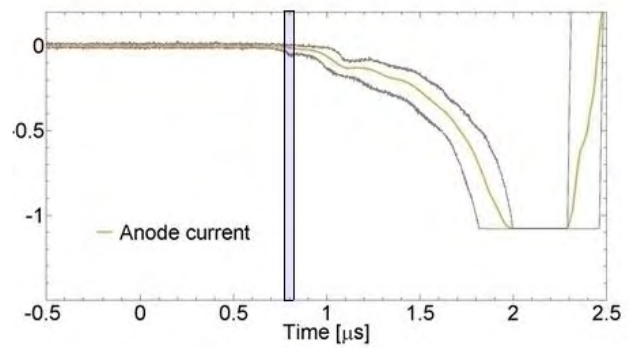
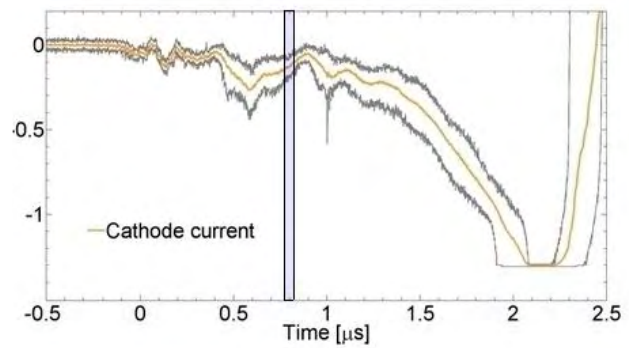
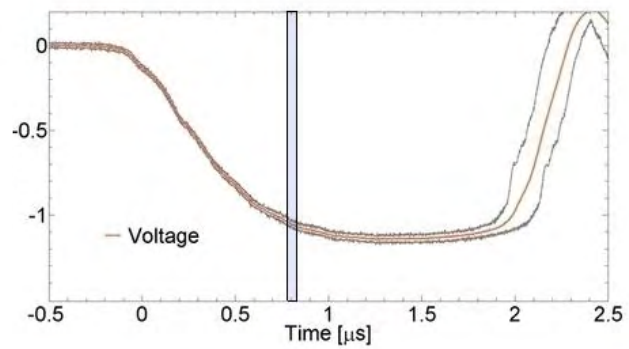
1. <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0022-3727/48/2/025205>
2. <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0022-3727/47/14/145203/meta>
3. <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0022-3727/49/42/425203/meta>

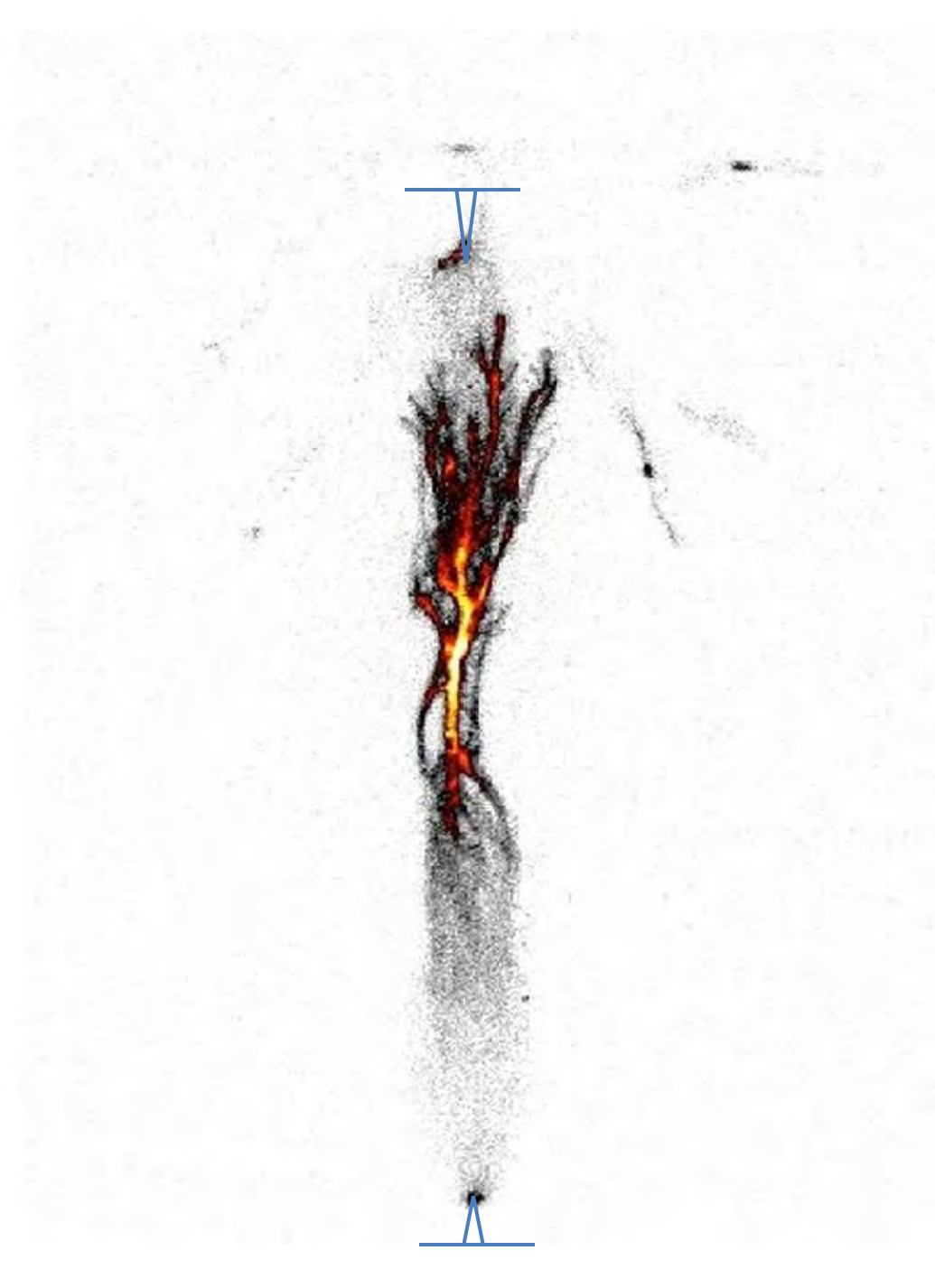
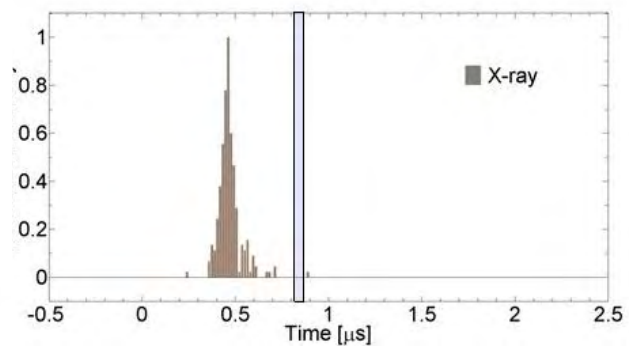
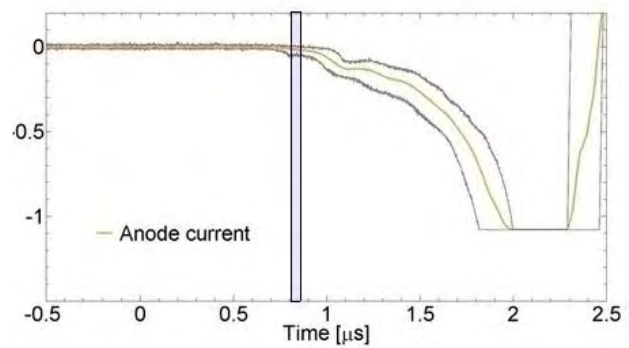
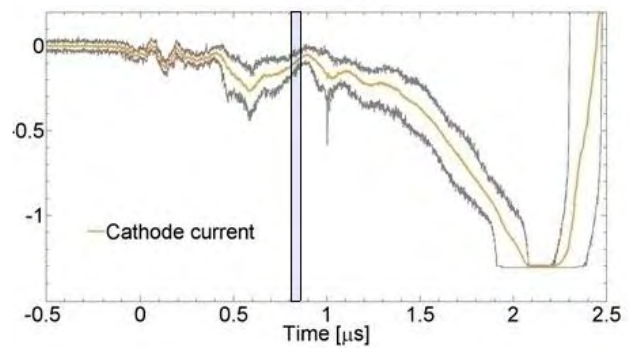
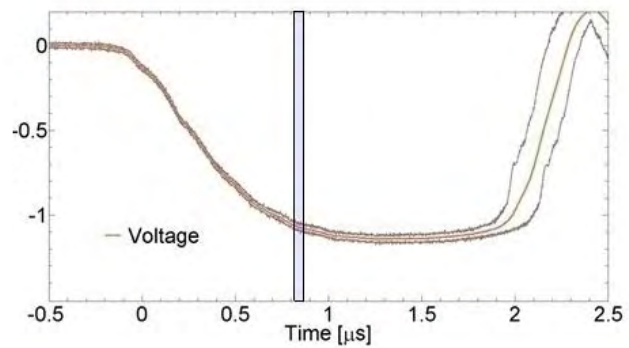


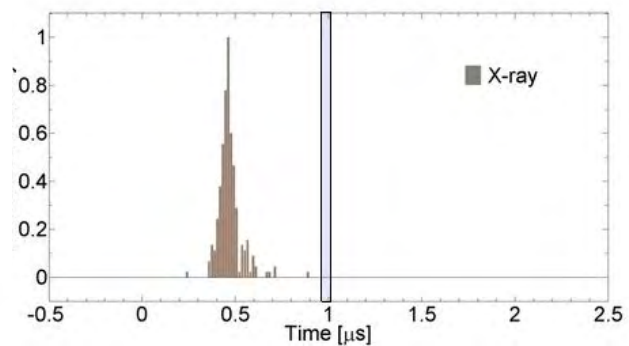
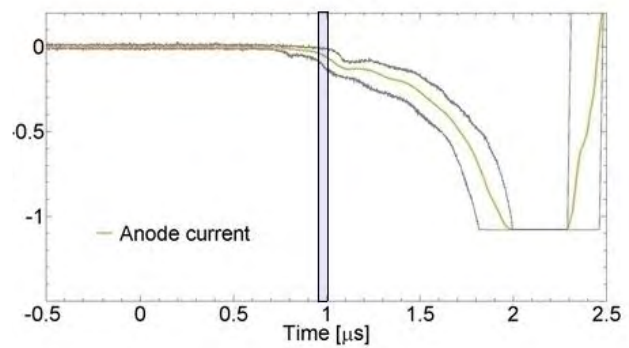
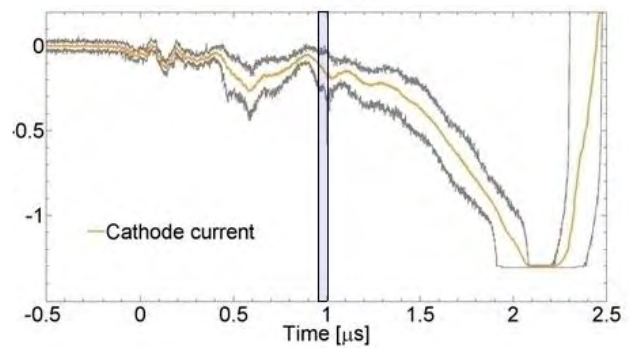
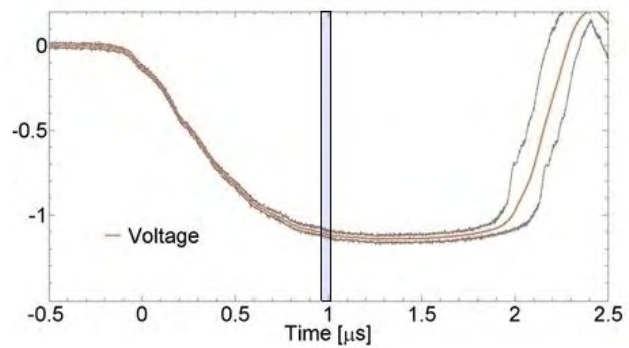


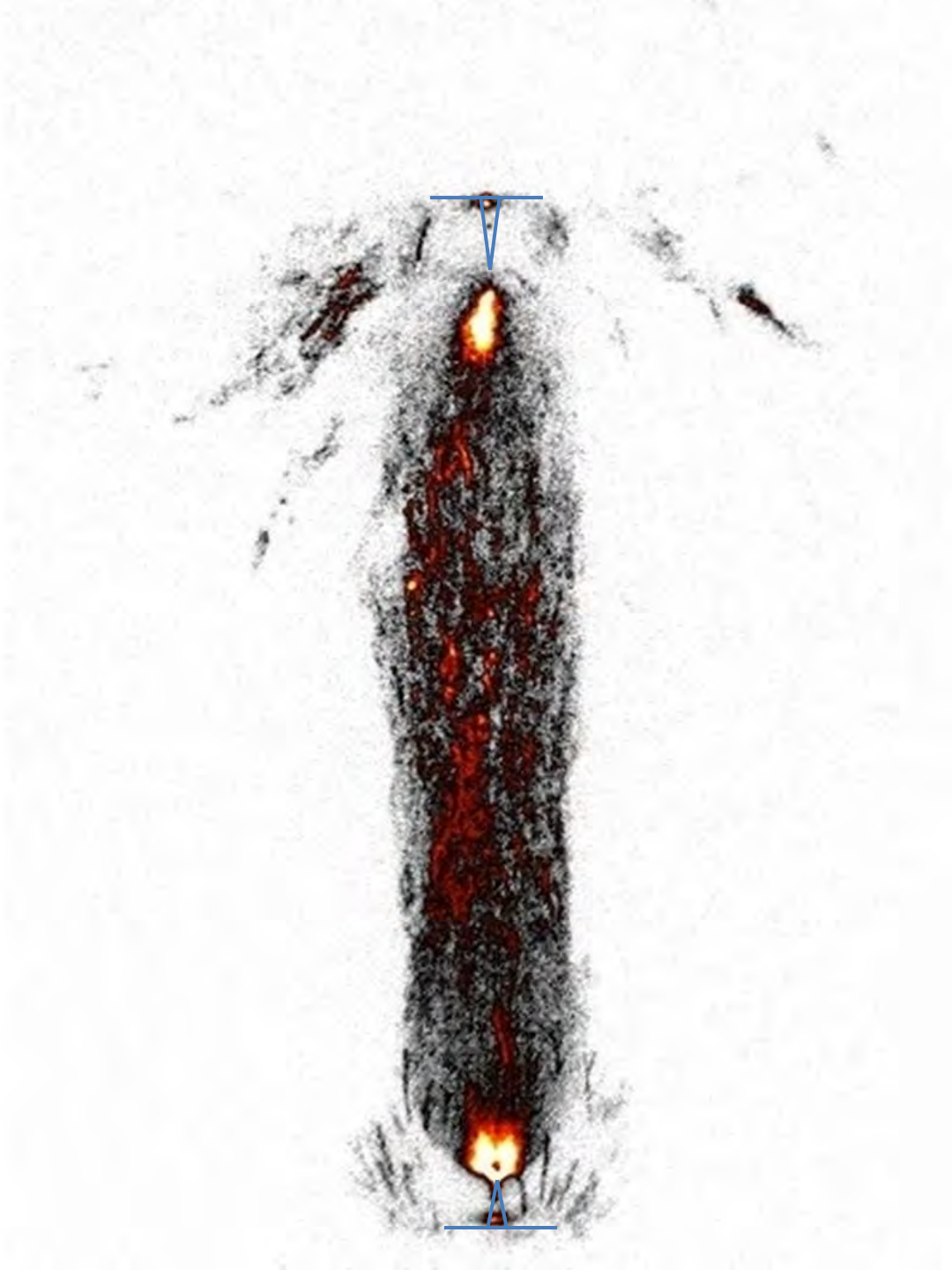
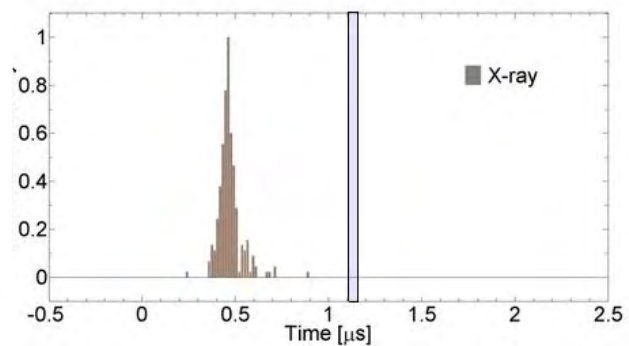
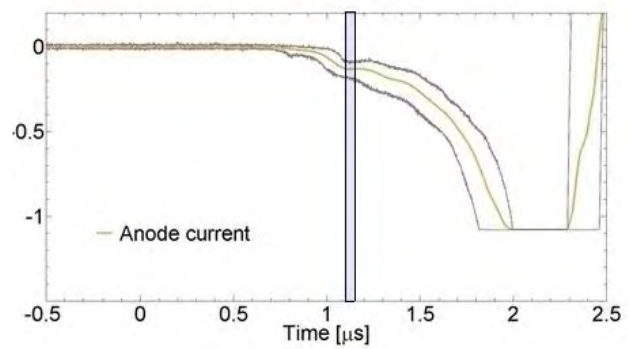
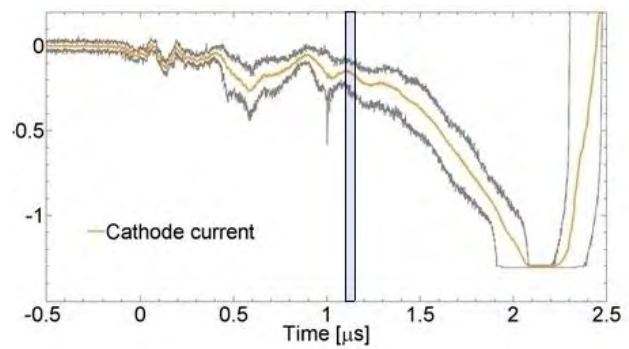
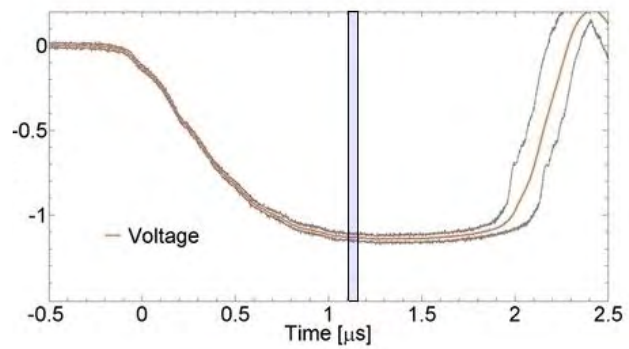


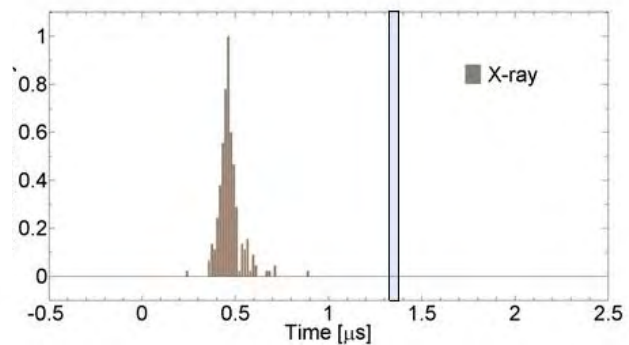
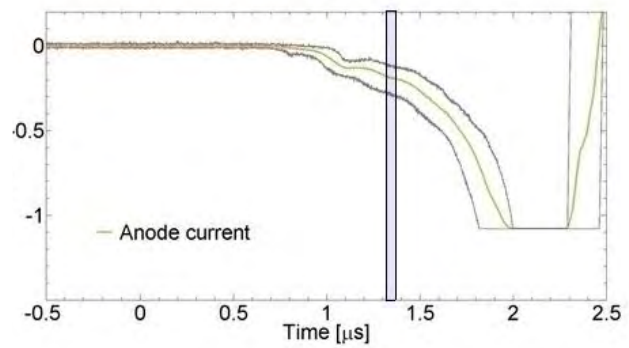
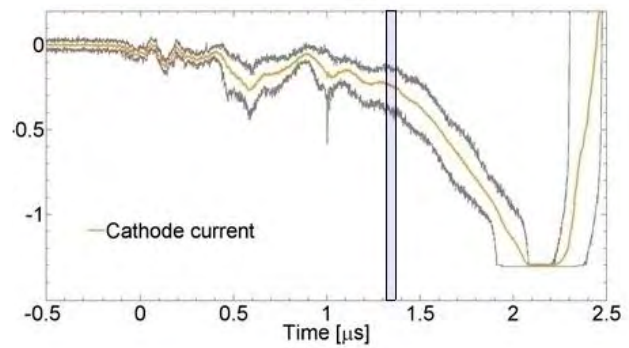
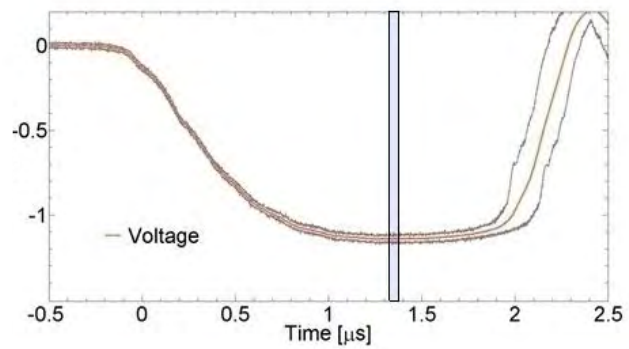


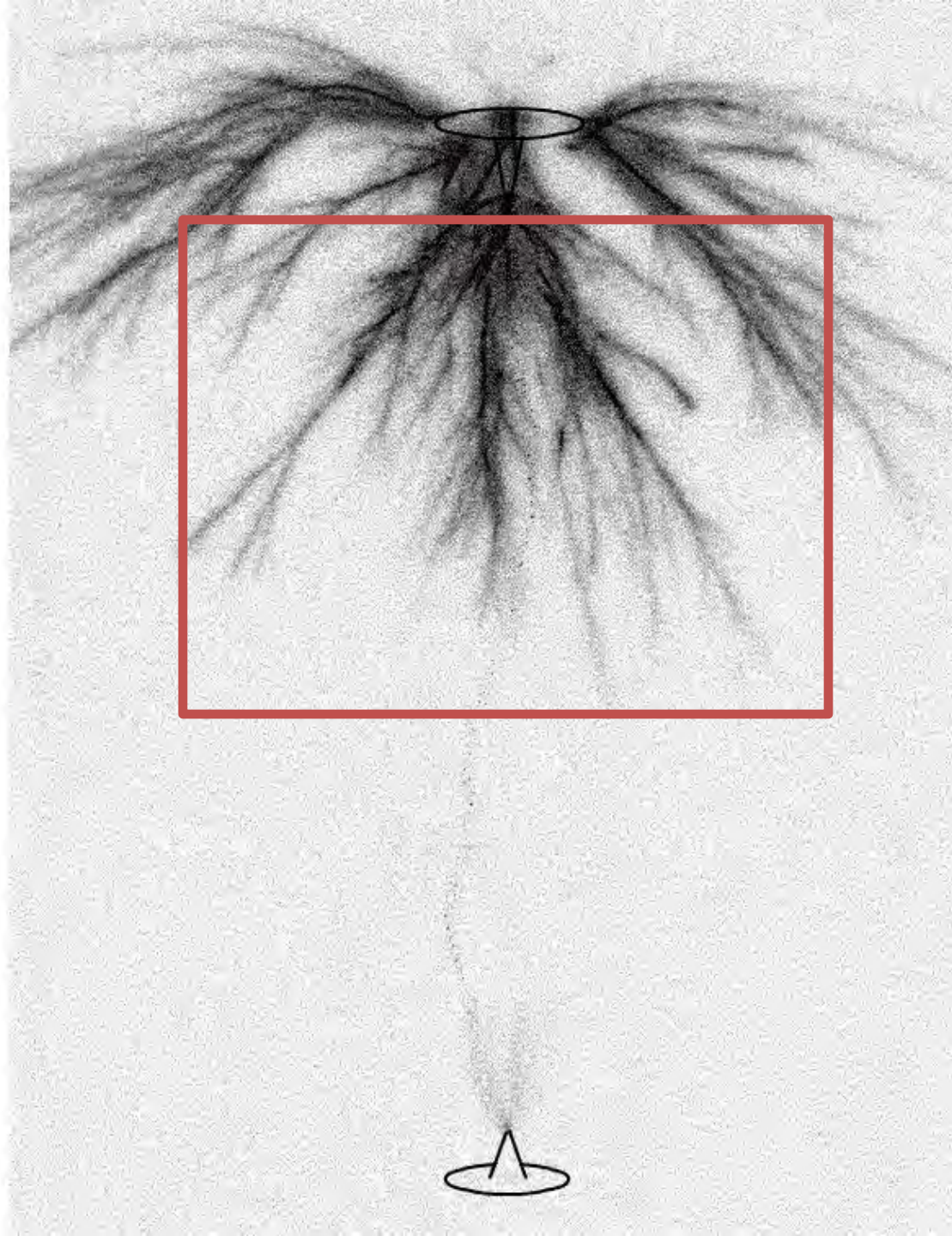
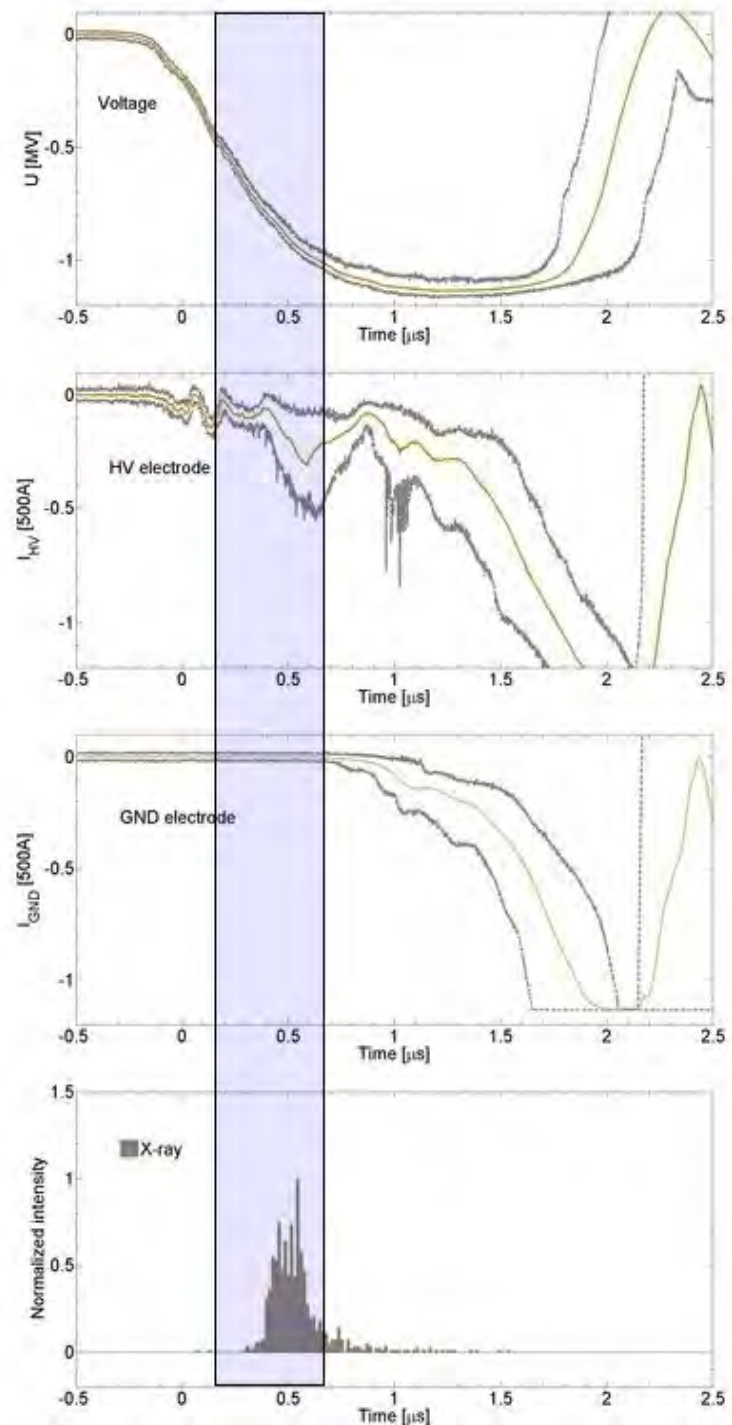


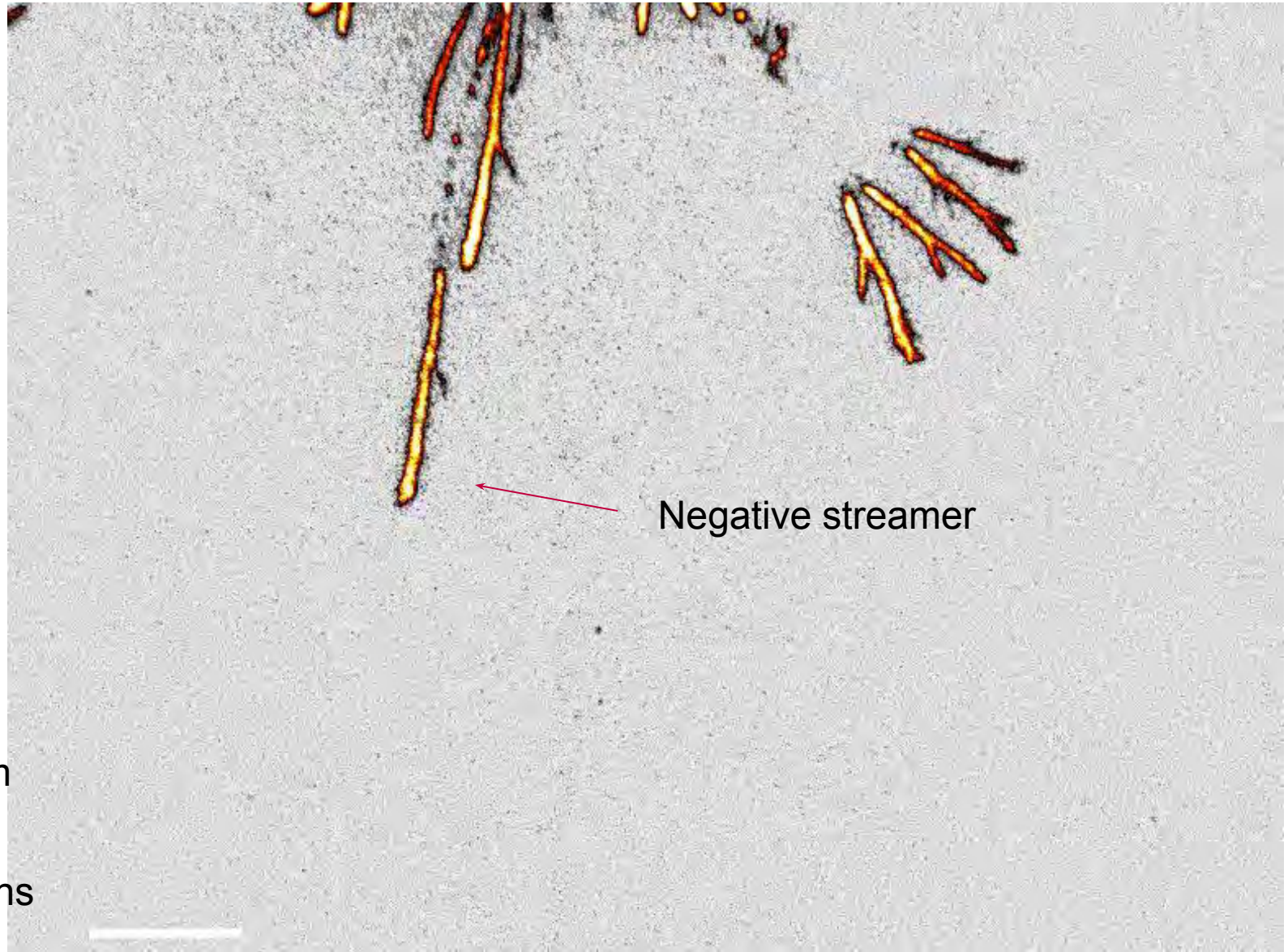








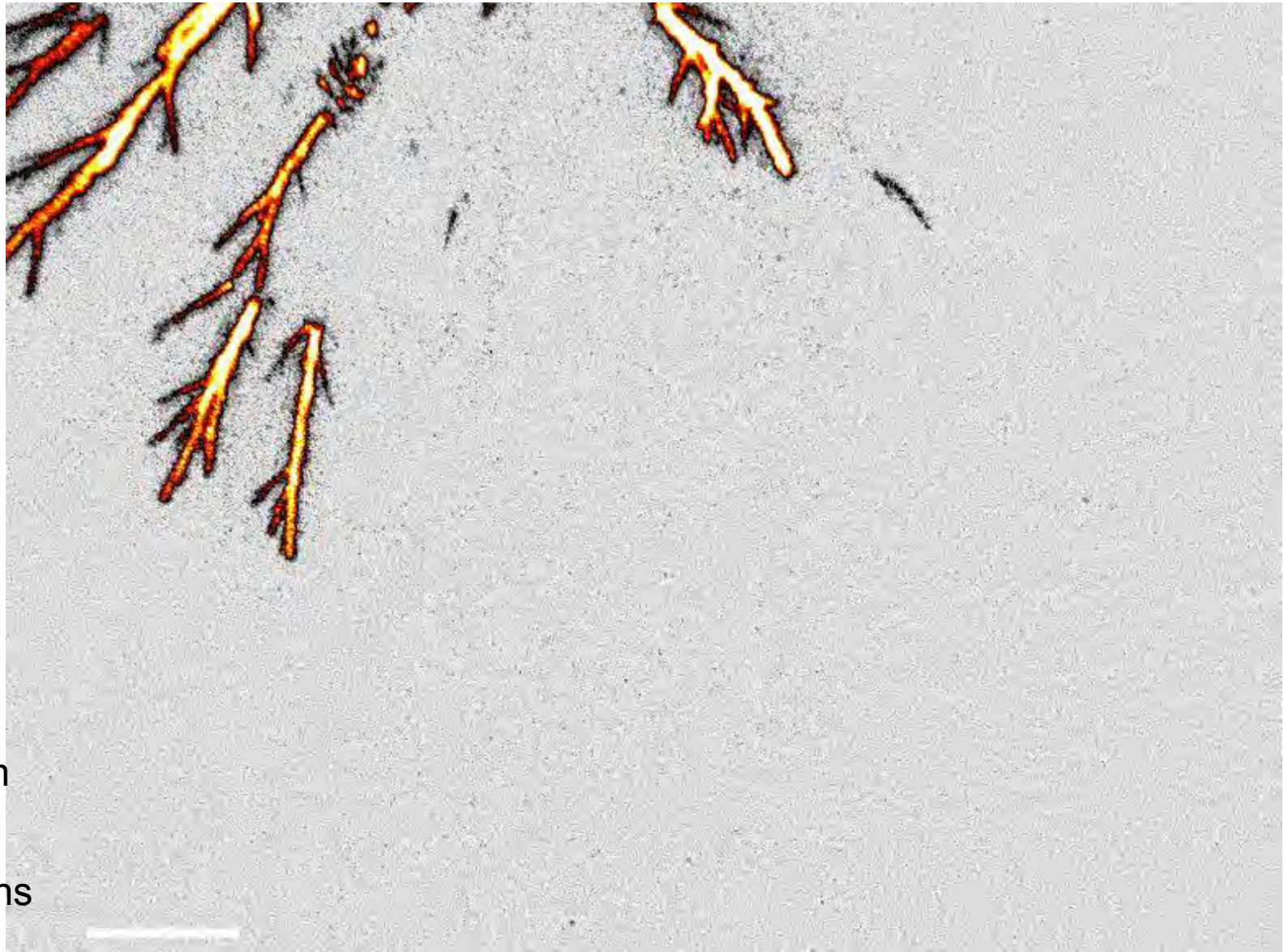




10 cm

50 ns





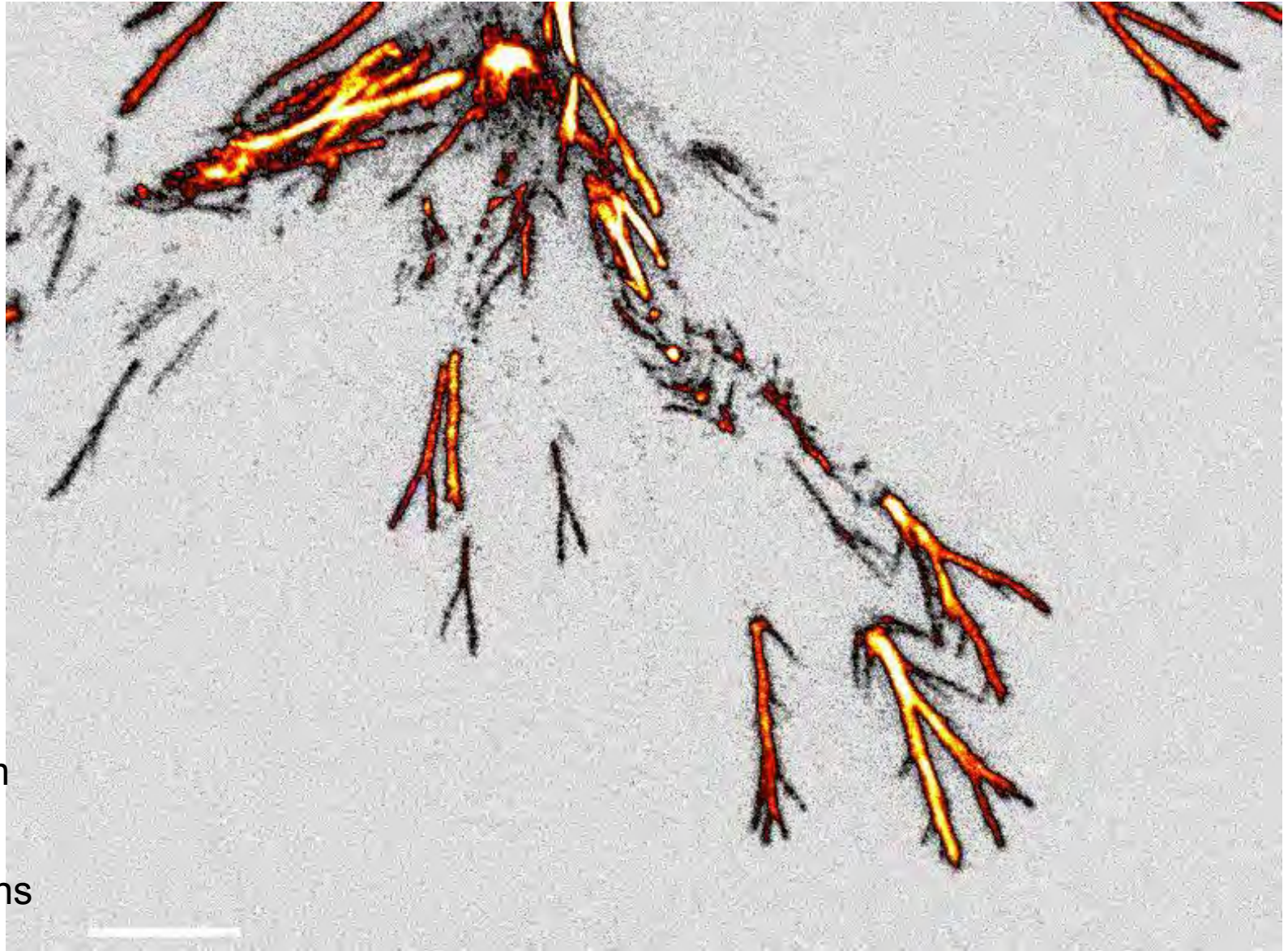
10 cm

50 ns



10 cm

50 ns



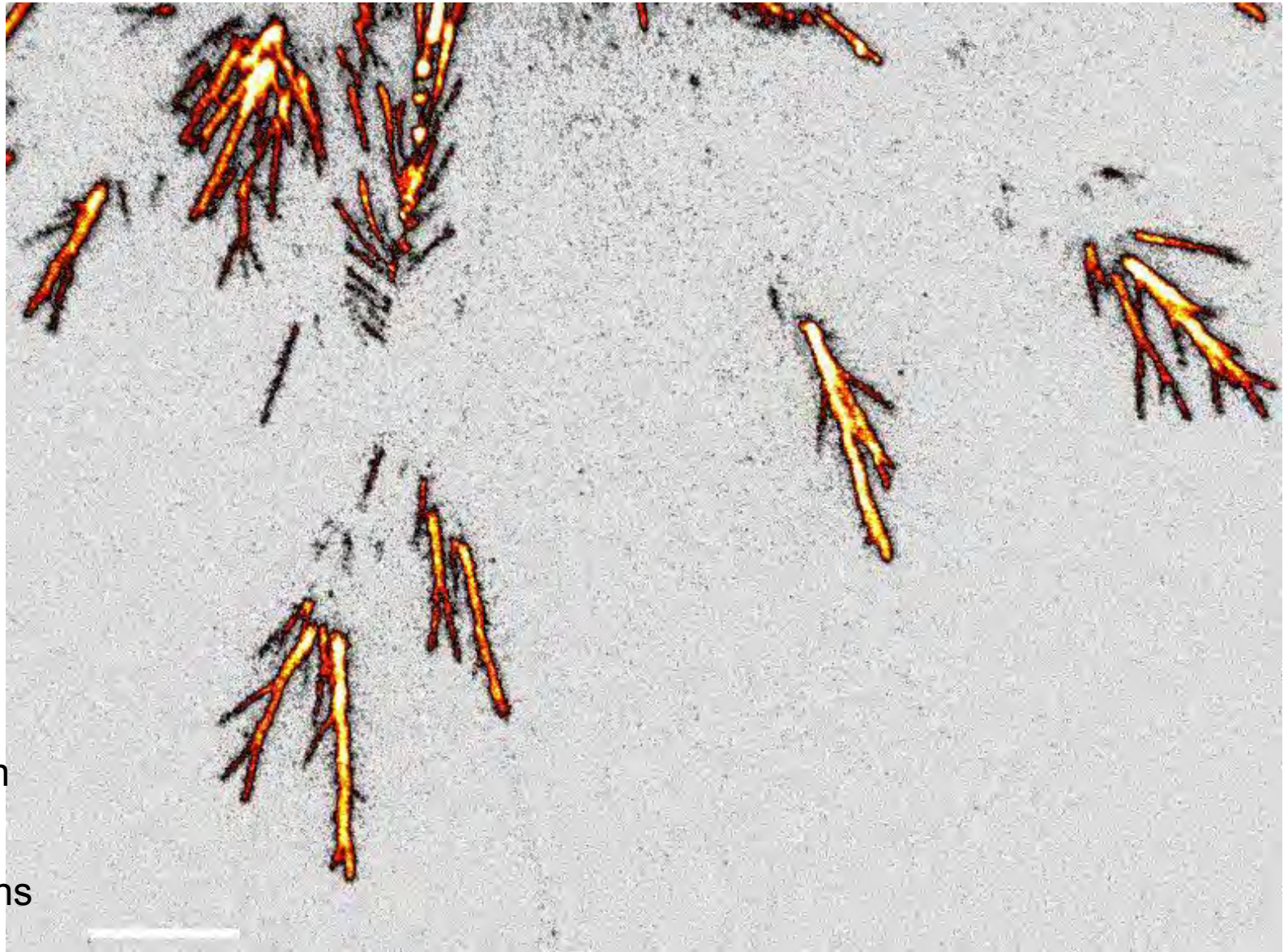
10 cm

50 ns

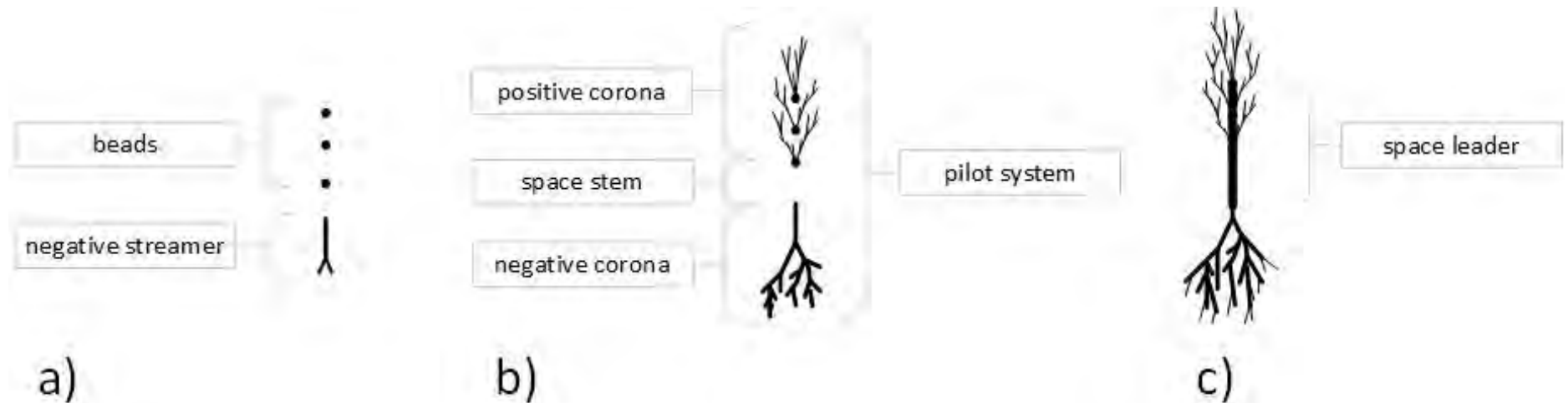


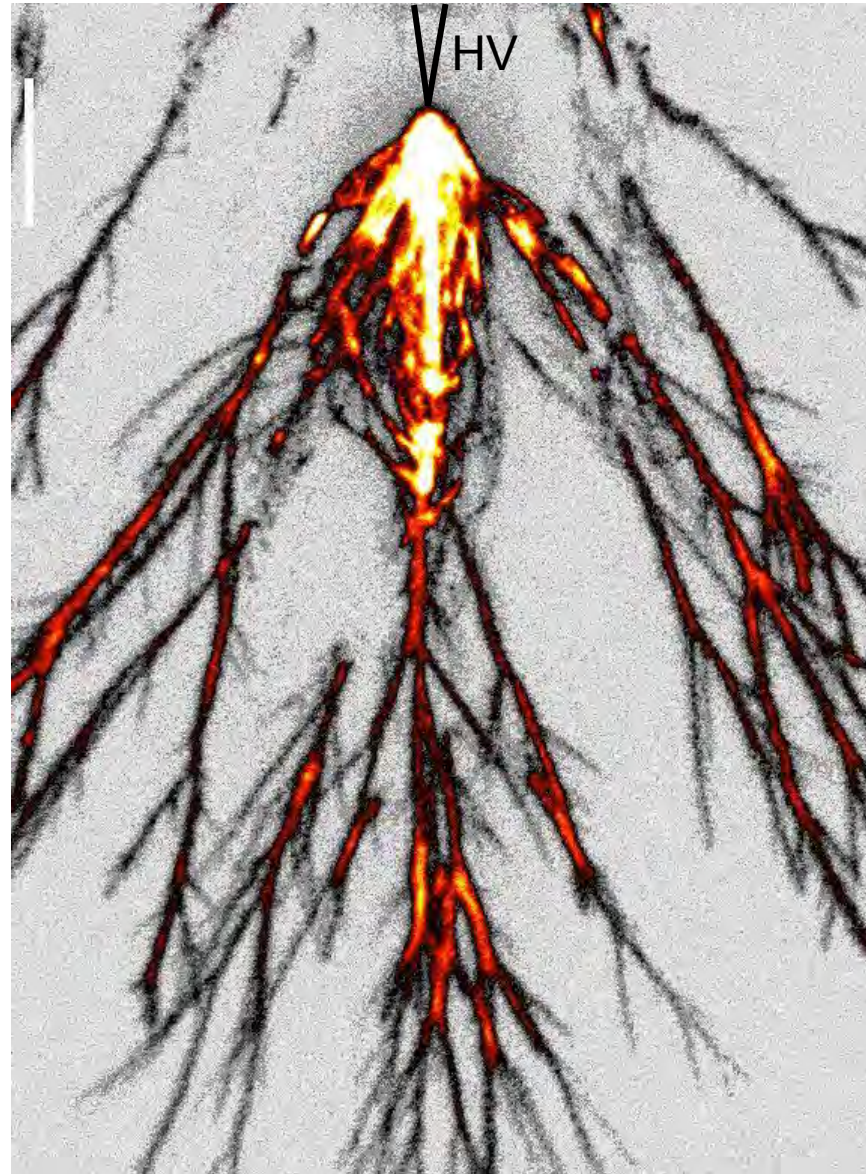
10 cm


50 ns



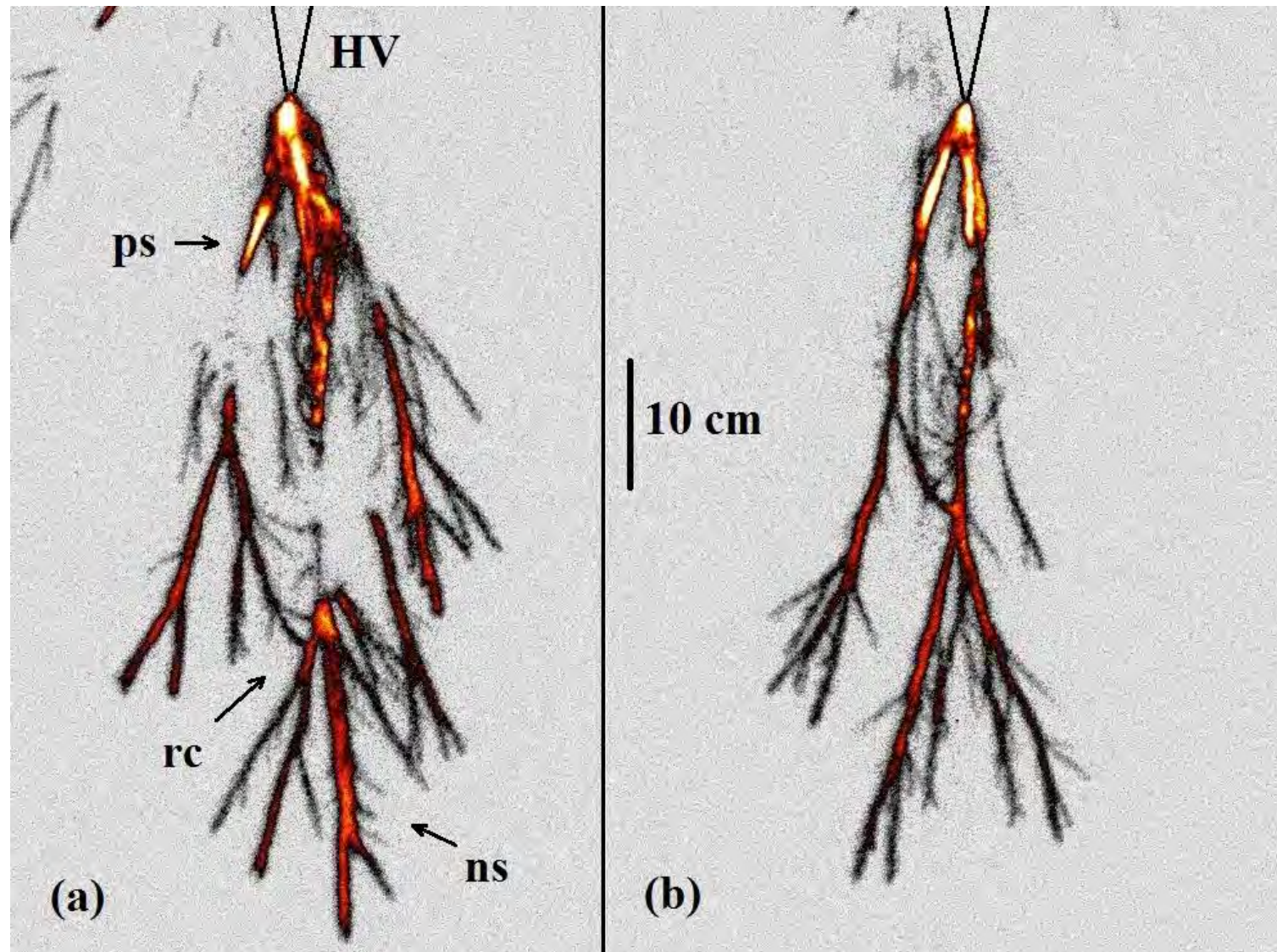
Pilot system development

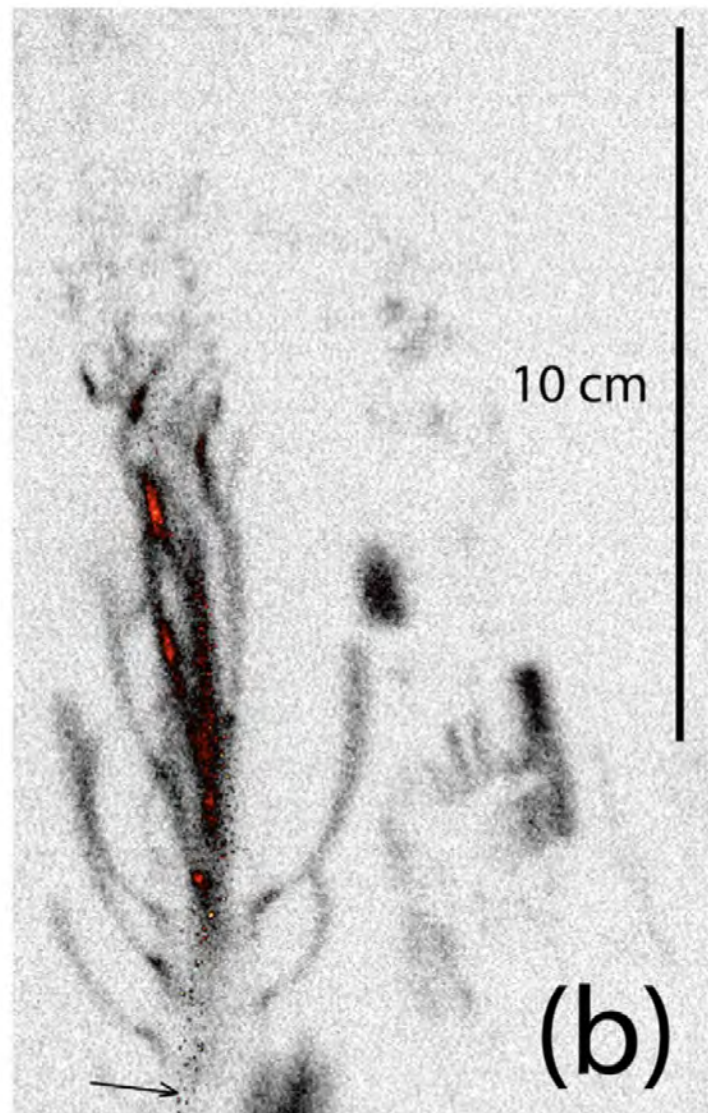
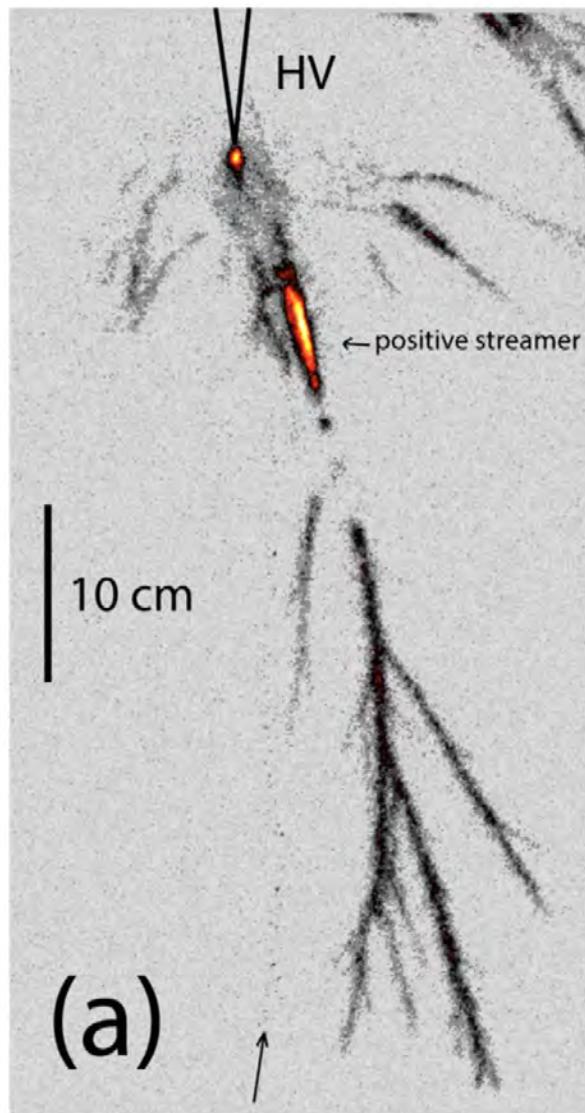


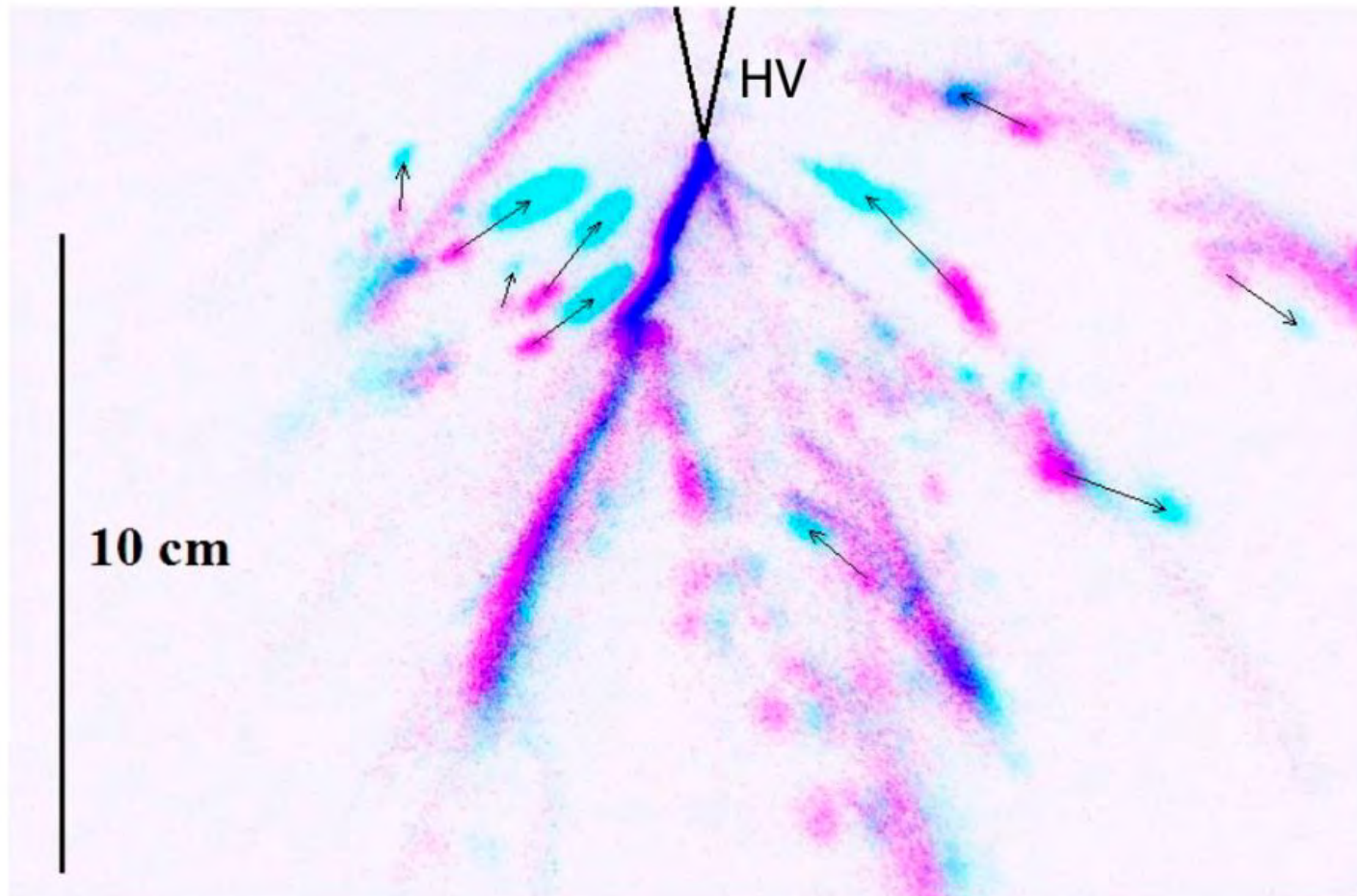


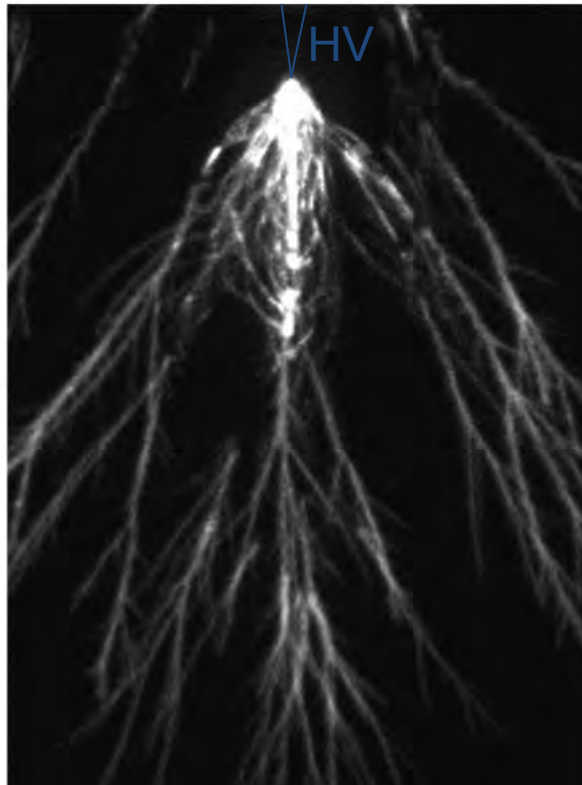
 10 cm

 100 ns

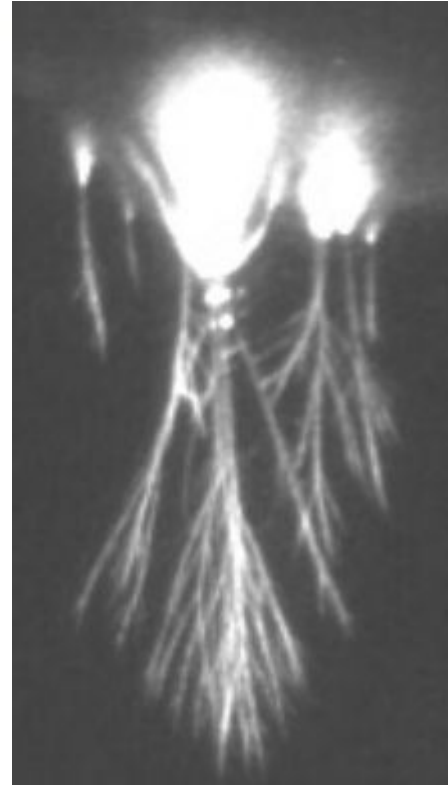








TU/e, Eindhoven



Steven A. Cummer,
GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH LETTERS,
VOL. 33, L04104, 2006

PAPER • OPEN ACCESS

Pilot system development in metre-scale laboratory discharge

Pavlo Kochkin¹, Nikolai Lehtinen¹, Alexander (Lex) P J van Deursen² and Nikolai Østgaard¹

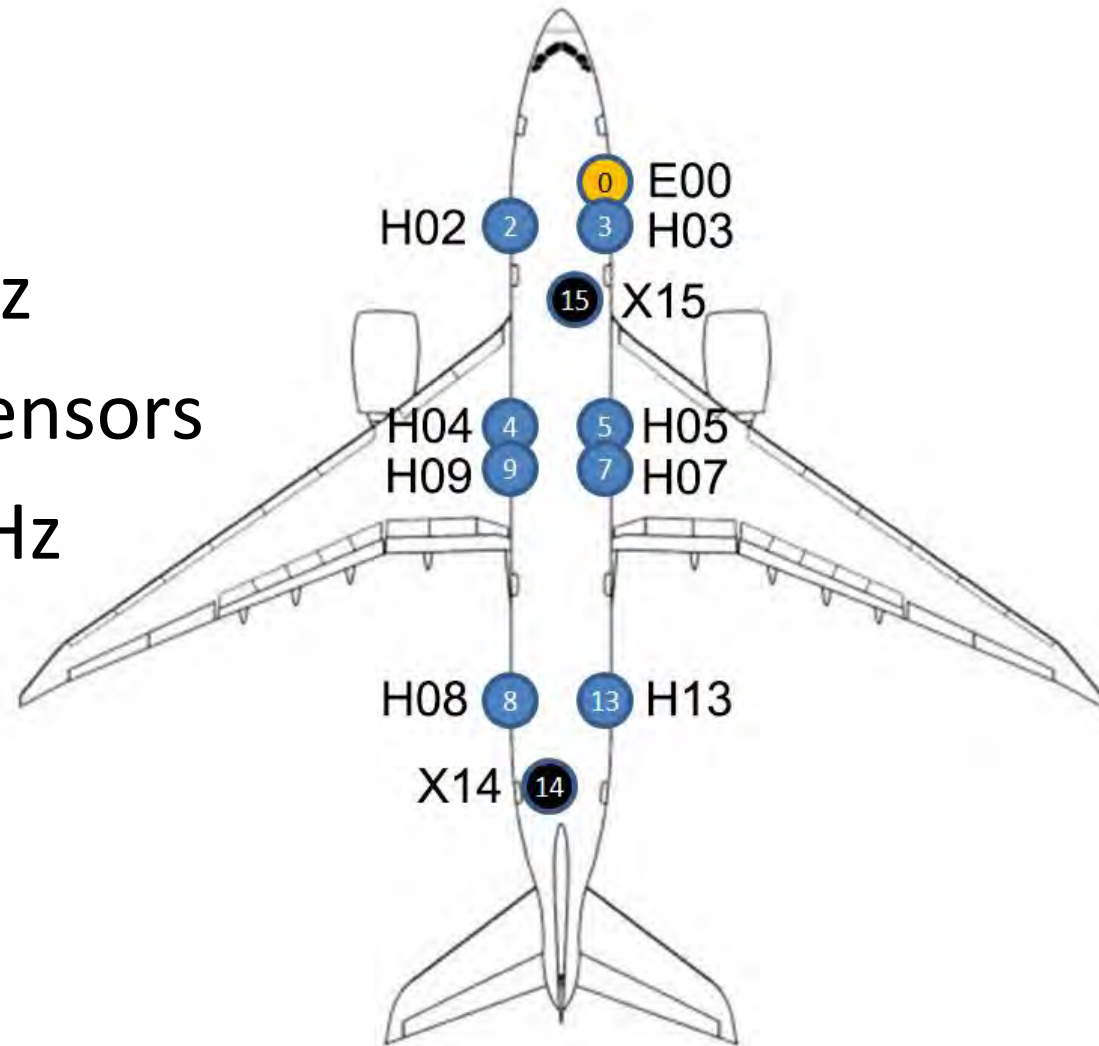
Published 22 September 2016 • © 2016 IOP Publishing Ltd

[Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics](#), Volume 49, Number 42

Questions?

- Lightning interaction with aircraft
- Gamma-Ray Glows and positron annihilation observed from aircraft

- 1 E-field sensor
10 Hz to 500 kHz
- 8 window H-field sensors
100 Hz to 10MHz
- 2 X-ray detectors
0-10 MeV

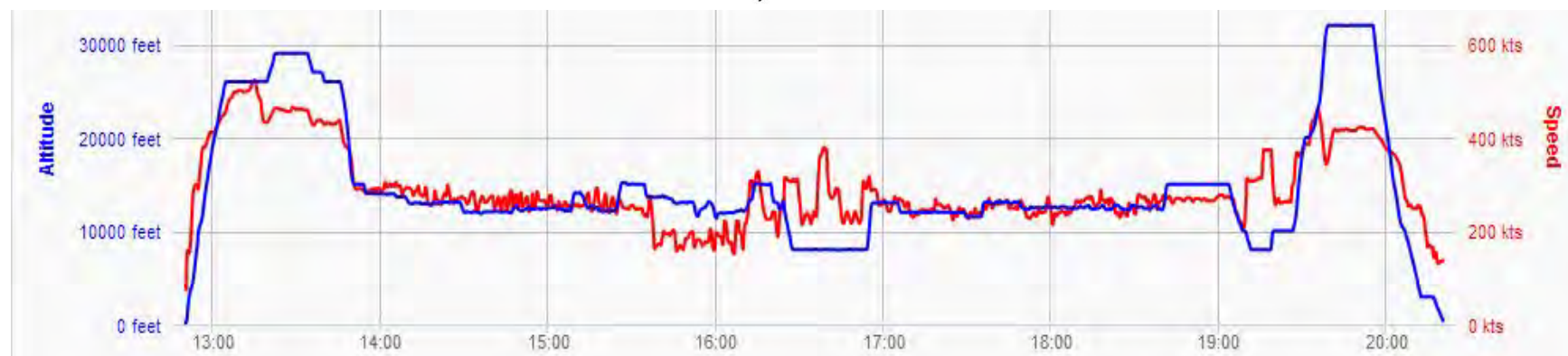
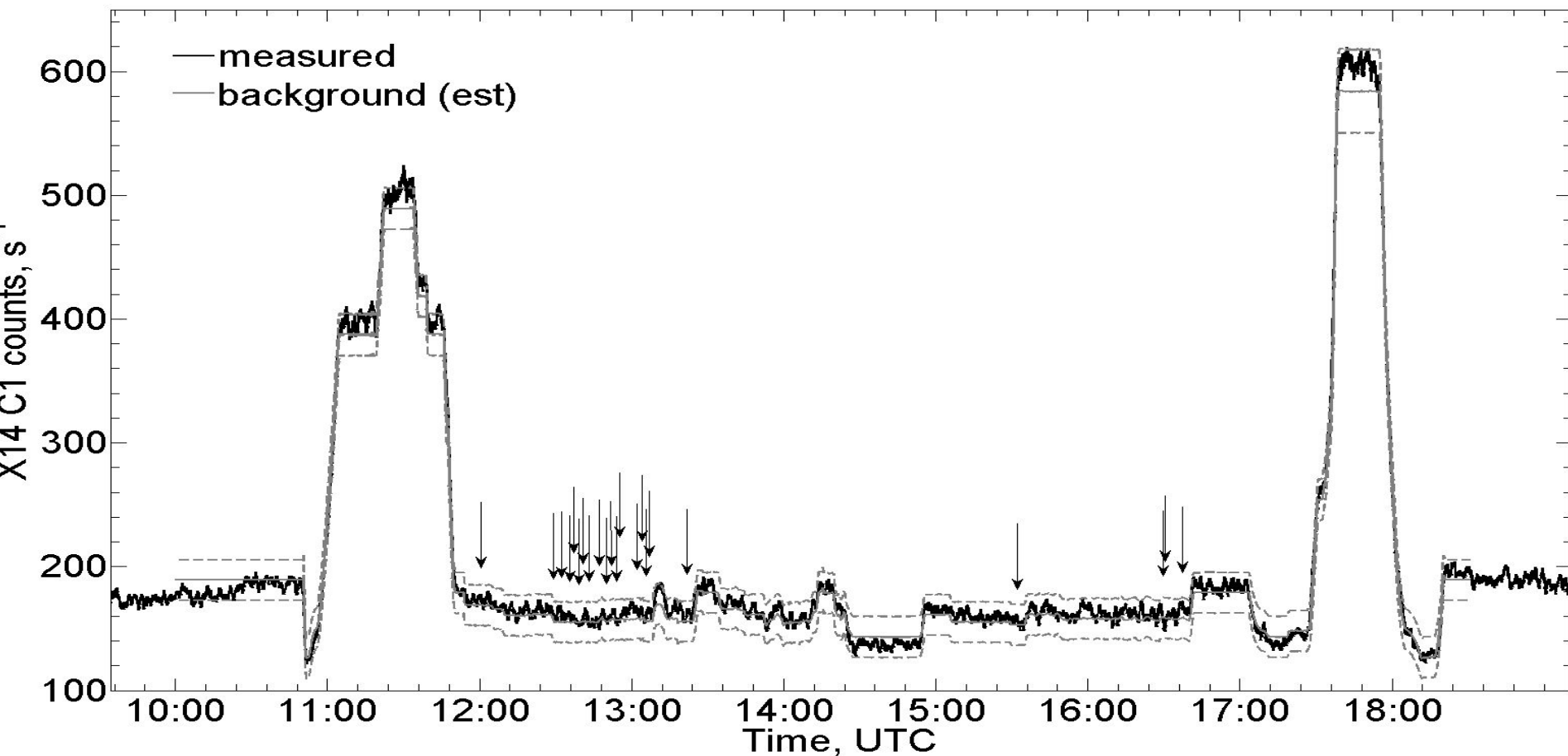


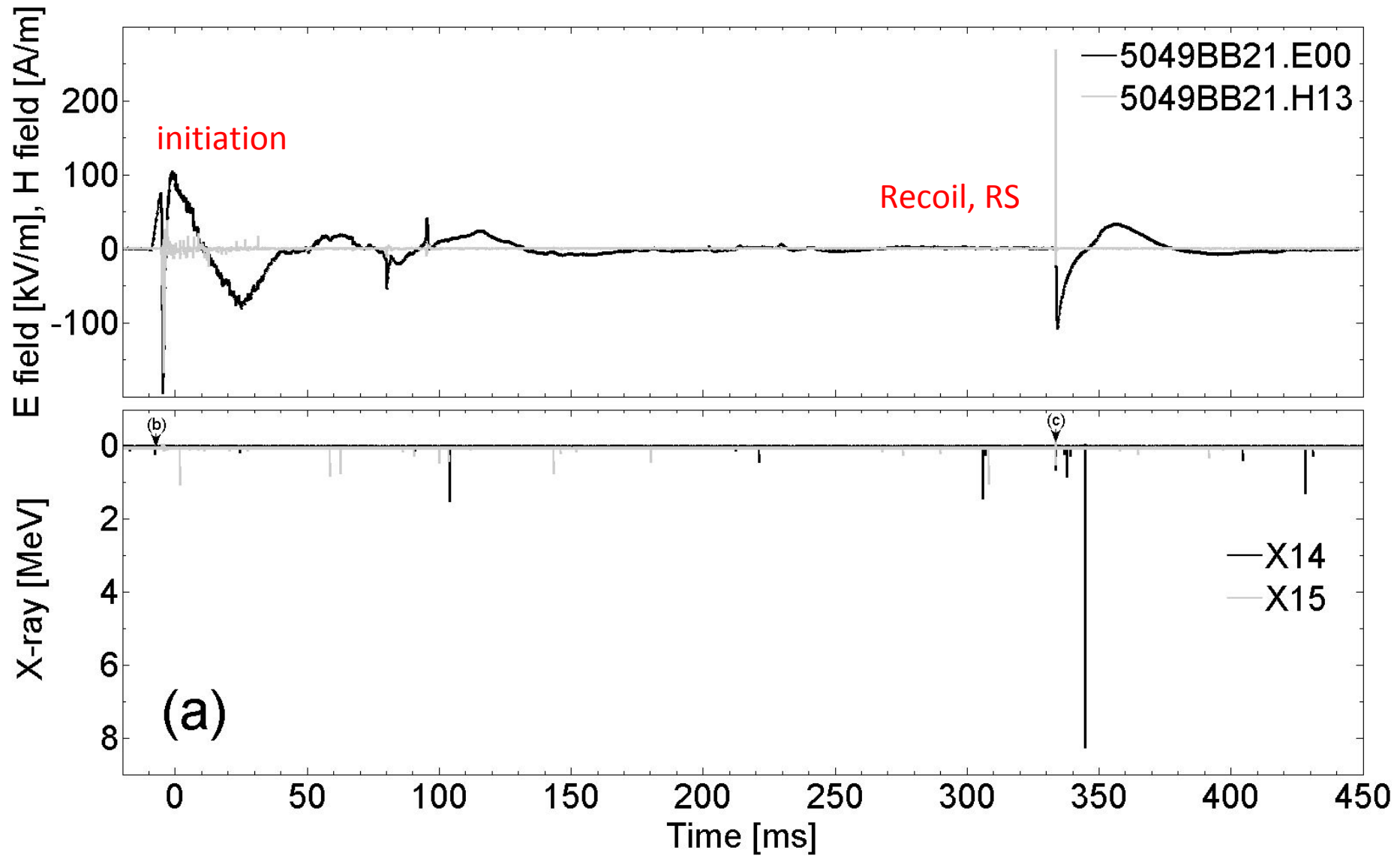
- Continuous (15 ms)
- Triggered (10 ns)



Altitude and speed changes
Flight: (1970-01-01)

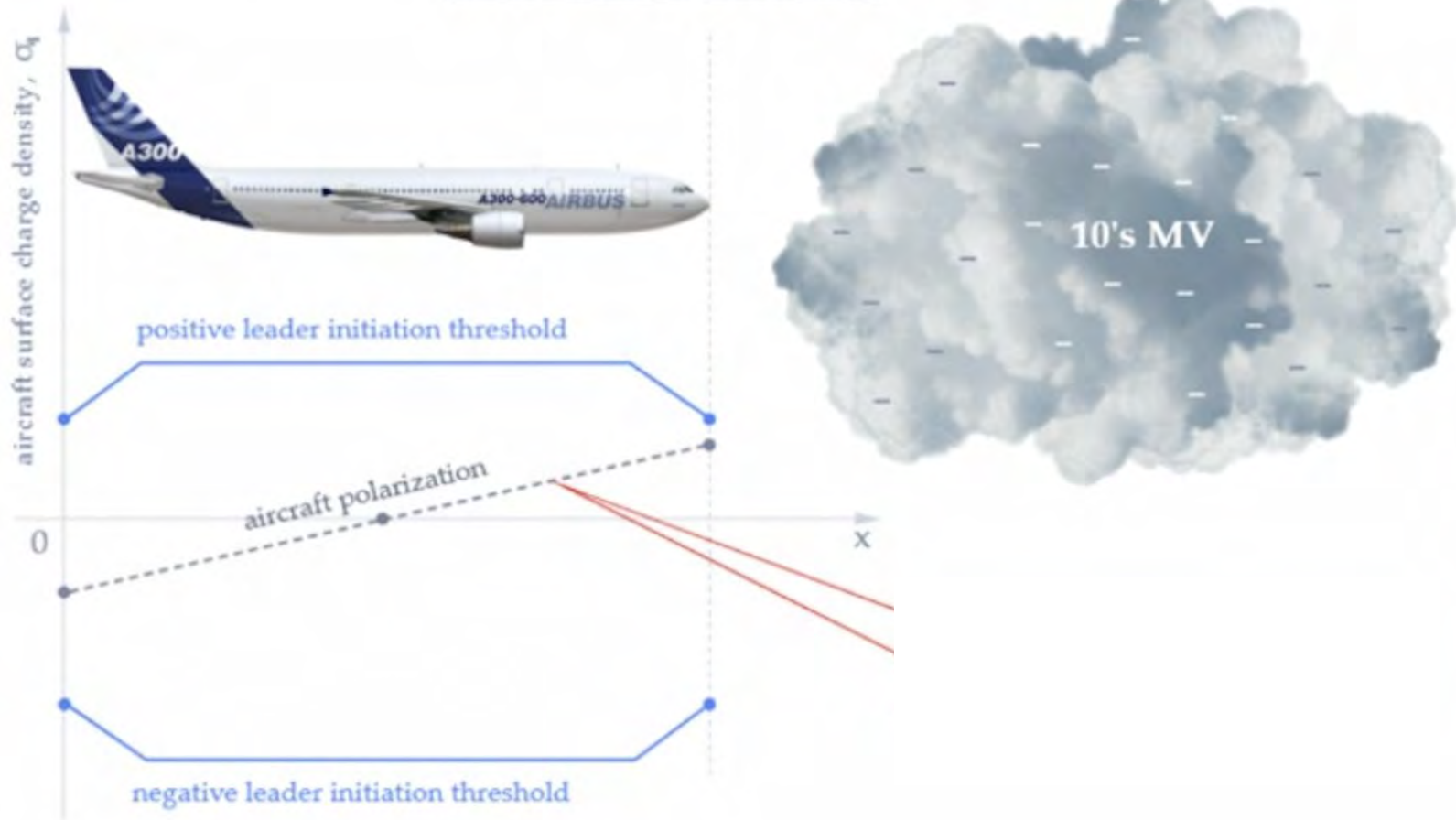




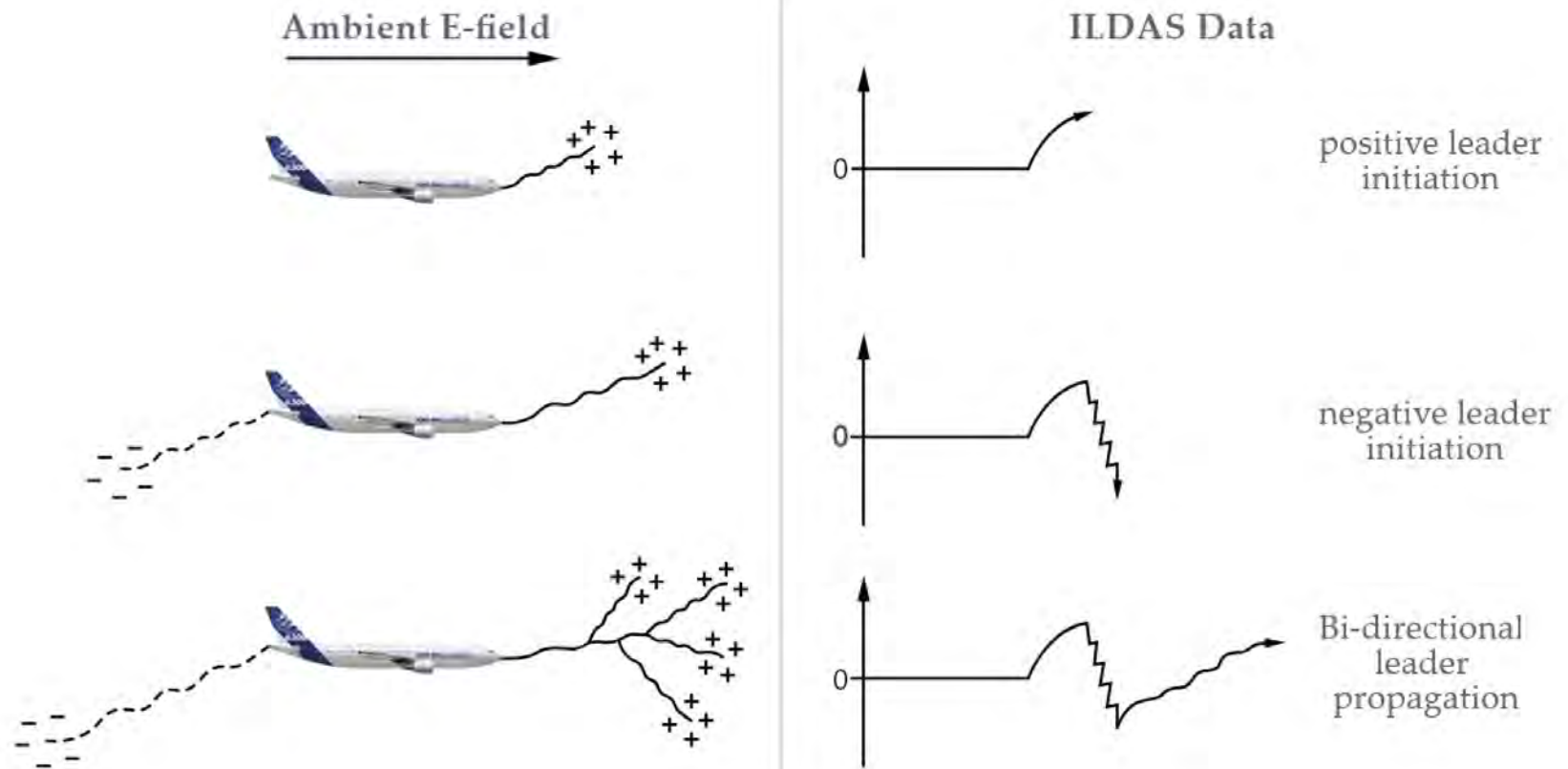


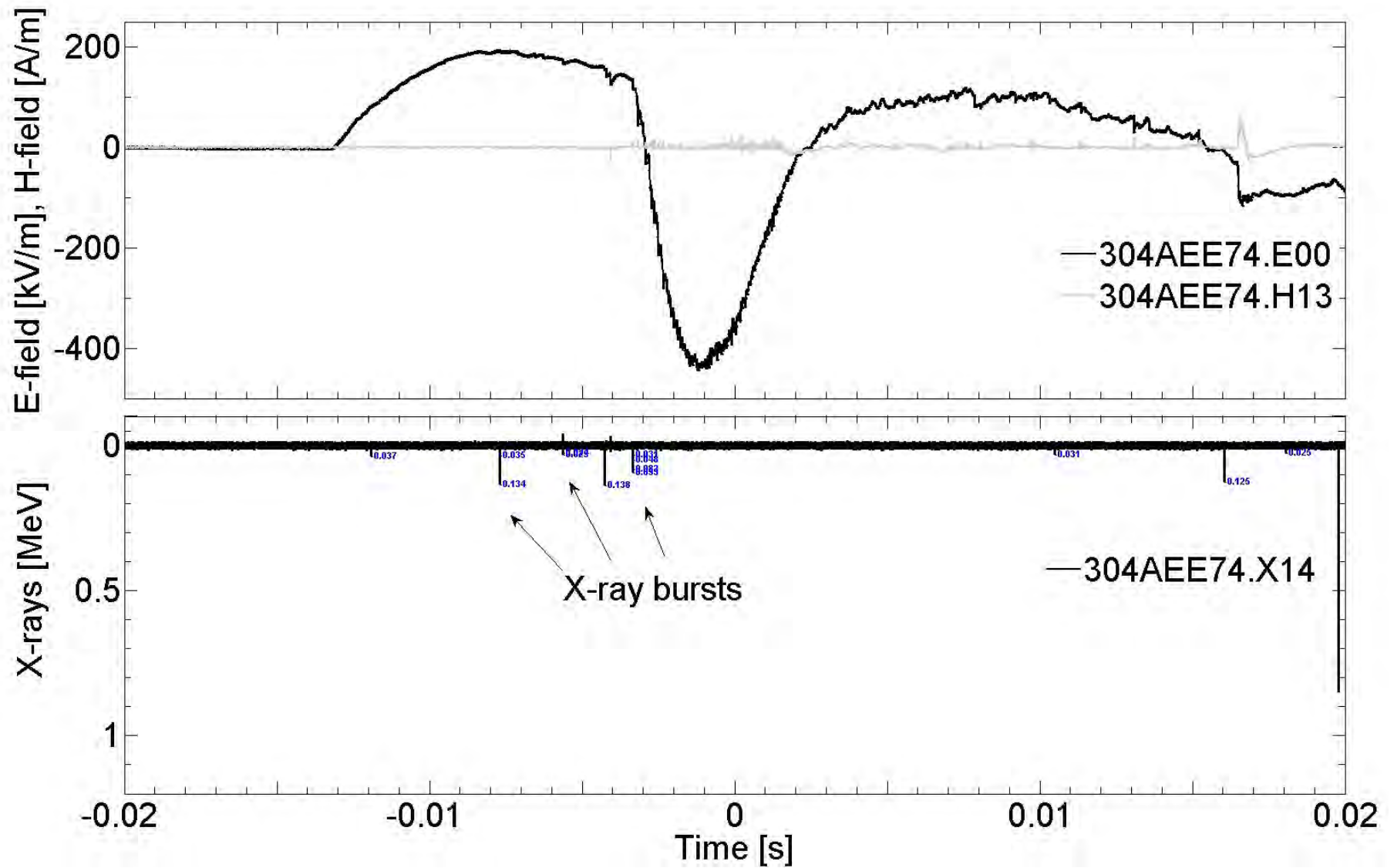
Aircraft-triggered discharge

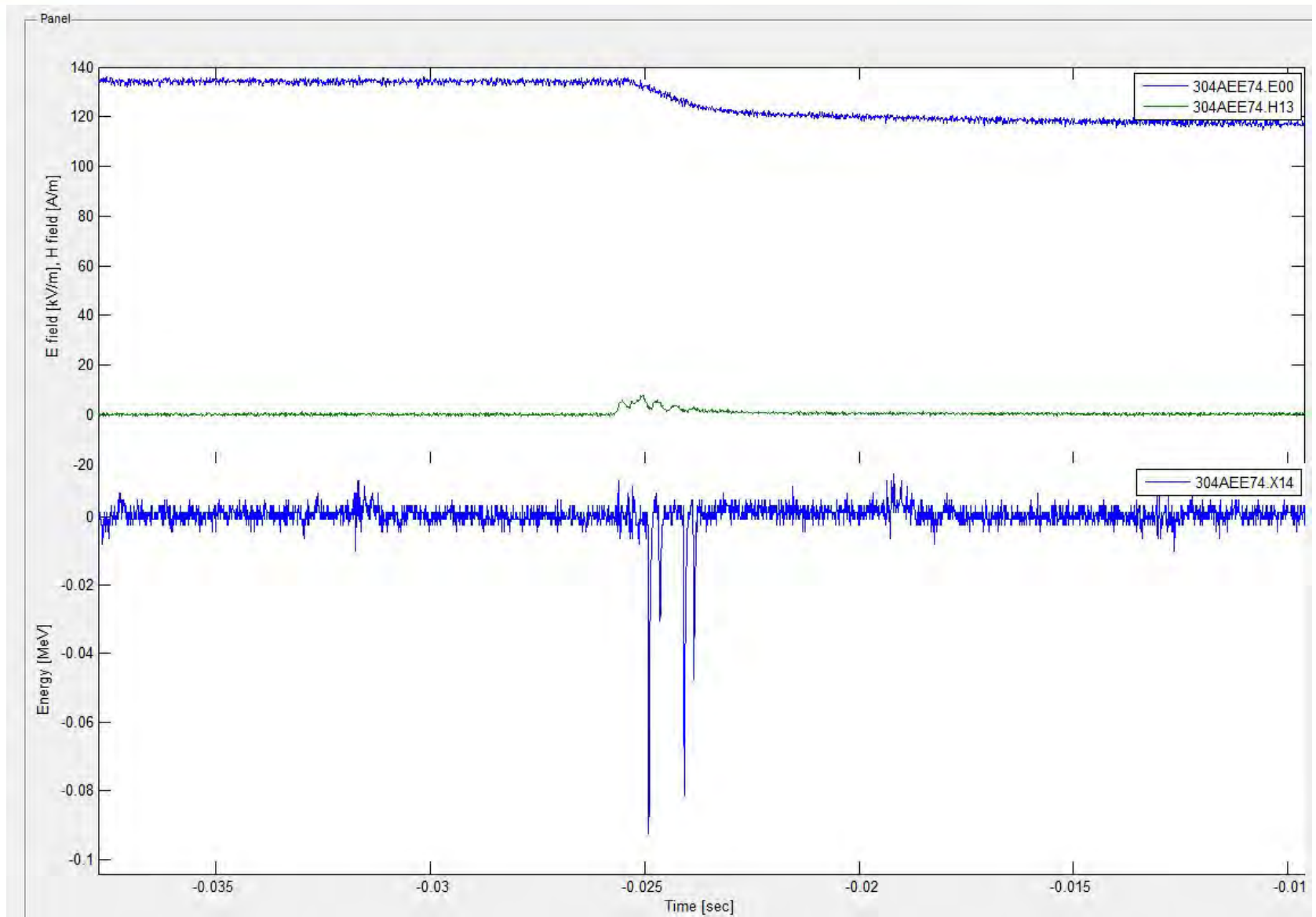
REAL LIFE SCENARIO

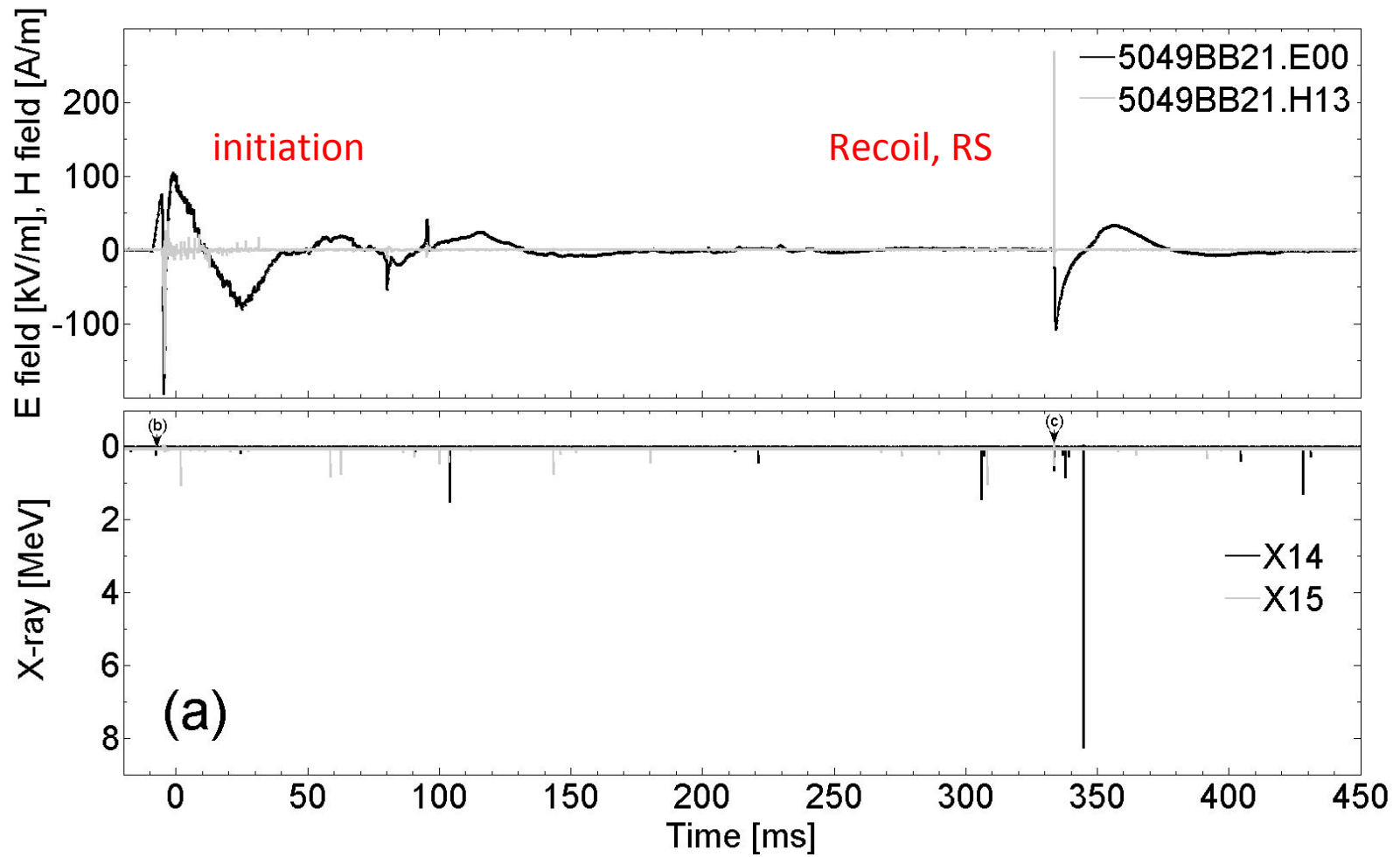


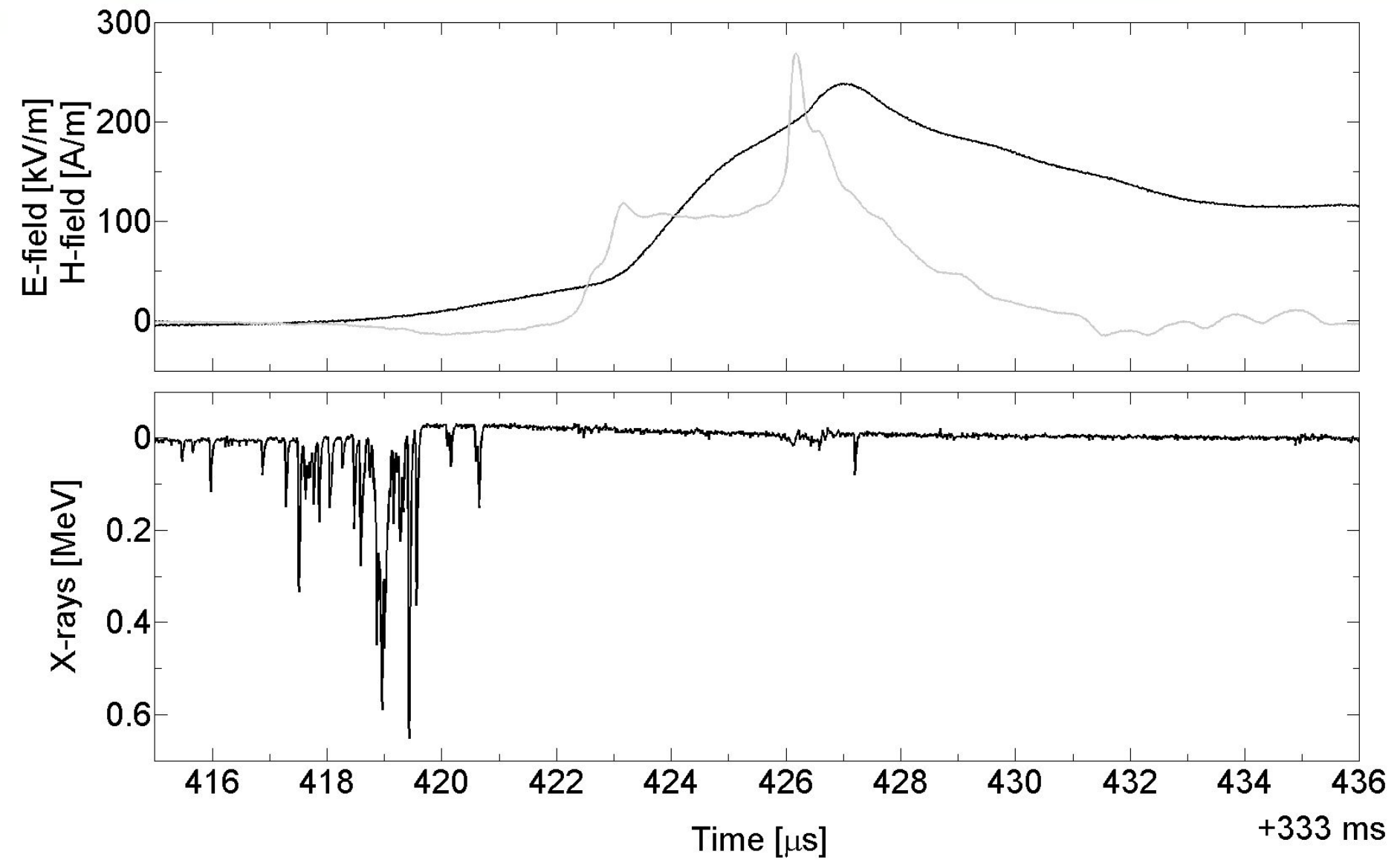
Aircraft-triggered discharge

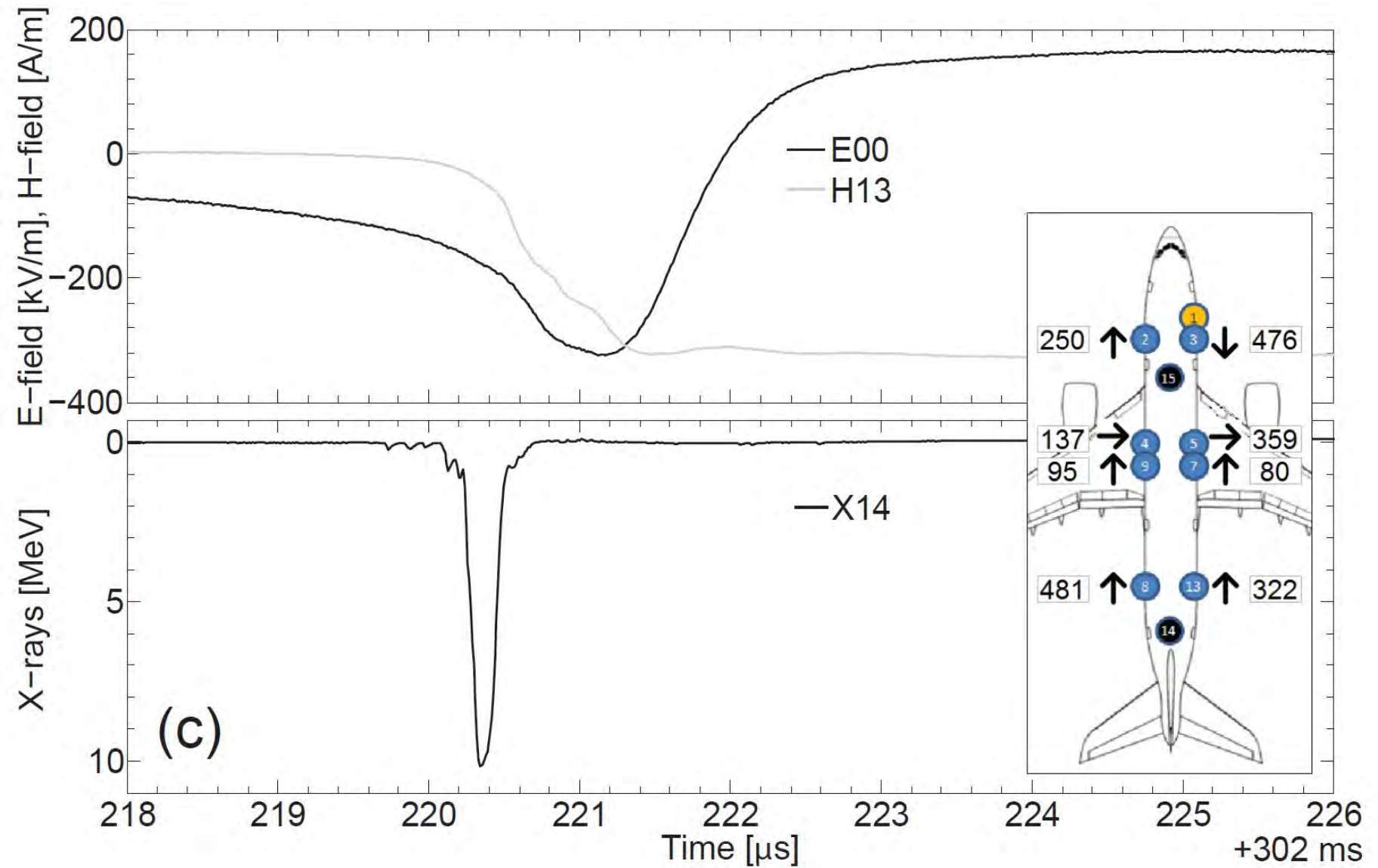


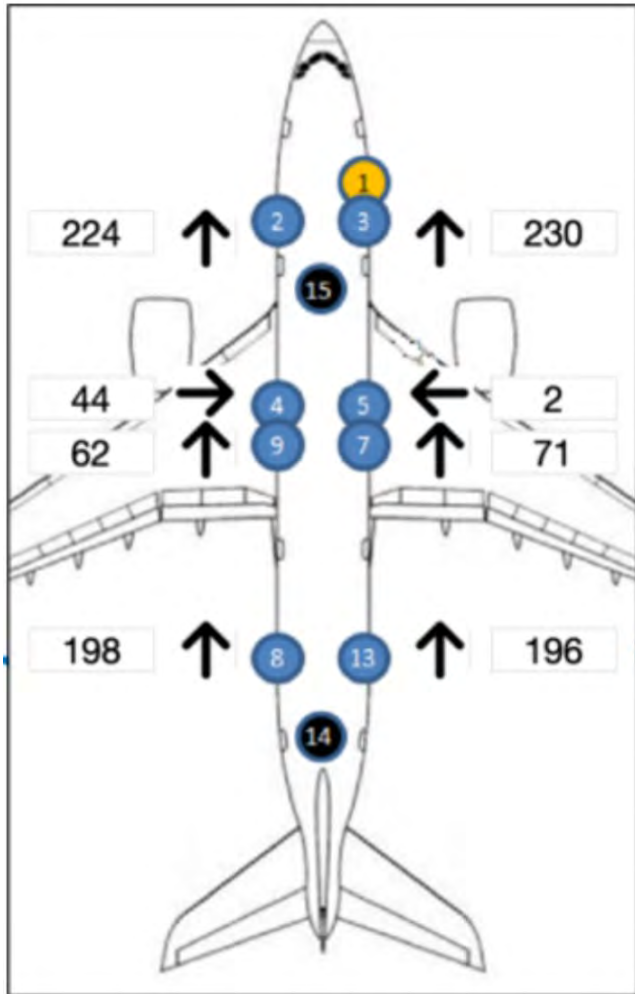


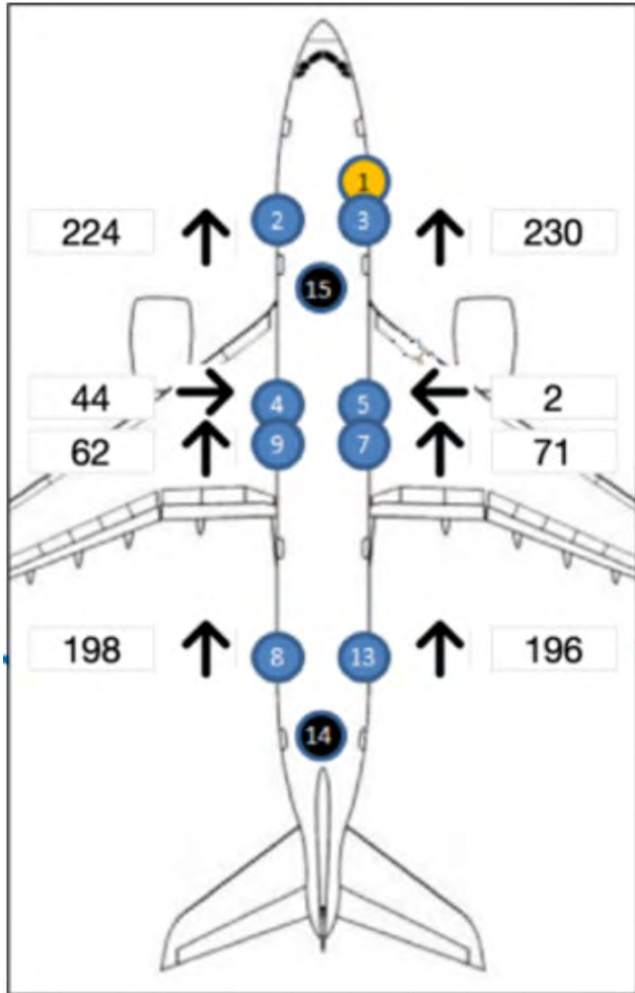












ILDAS



(c) Presented by Otowa Electric Co., Ltd.

Gamma-Ray Glows and positron annihilation

Airborn Lightning Observatory for FEES and TGFs (ALOFT, 2017)



- NASA ER-2, 20 km altitude, Colorado, USA
- X-ray detectors: 3 BGO (15 x 5 x 3.2 cm each)
- Energy range: 0.3 - 40 MeV
- Lightning Mapping Array: COLMA (VHF)

Østgaard N. et al., 2019, Gamma-ray glow observations at 20 km altitude, submitted to JGR

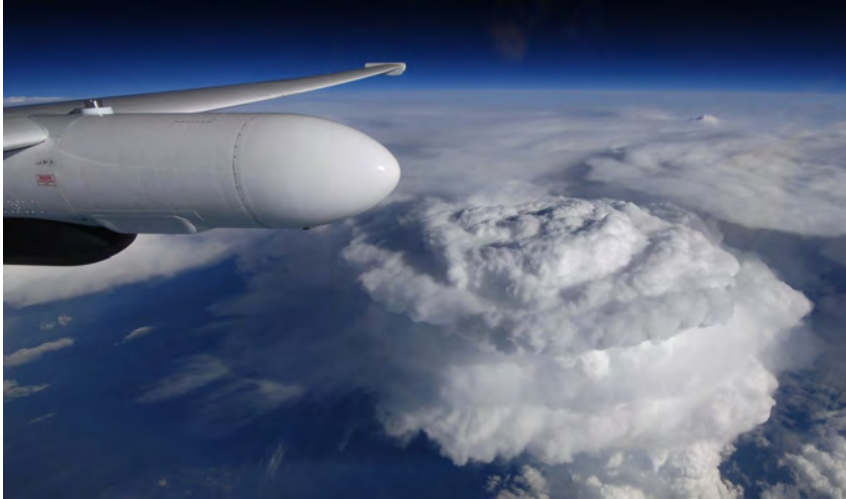
In-flight Lightning Damage Assessment System (ILDAS, 2016)



- Airbus A340, 12 km altitude, Darwin, Australia
- X-ray detectors: 2 LaBr3 (4 x 4 cm cylinder)
- Energy range: 0.05 - 10 MeV
- Lightning data: GPATS (hybrid VLF-VHF)

Kochkin P. et al. "In-Flight Observation of Positron Annihilation by ILDAS." *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres* 123.15 (2018): 8074-8090.

Airborn Lightning Observatory for FEES and TGFs (**ALOFT, 2017**)



- NASA ER-2, 20 km altitude, Colorado, USA
- X-ray detectors: 3 BGO (15 x 5 x 3.2 cm each)
- Energy range: 0.3 - 40 MeV
- Lightning Mapping Array: COLMA (VHF)

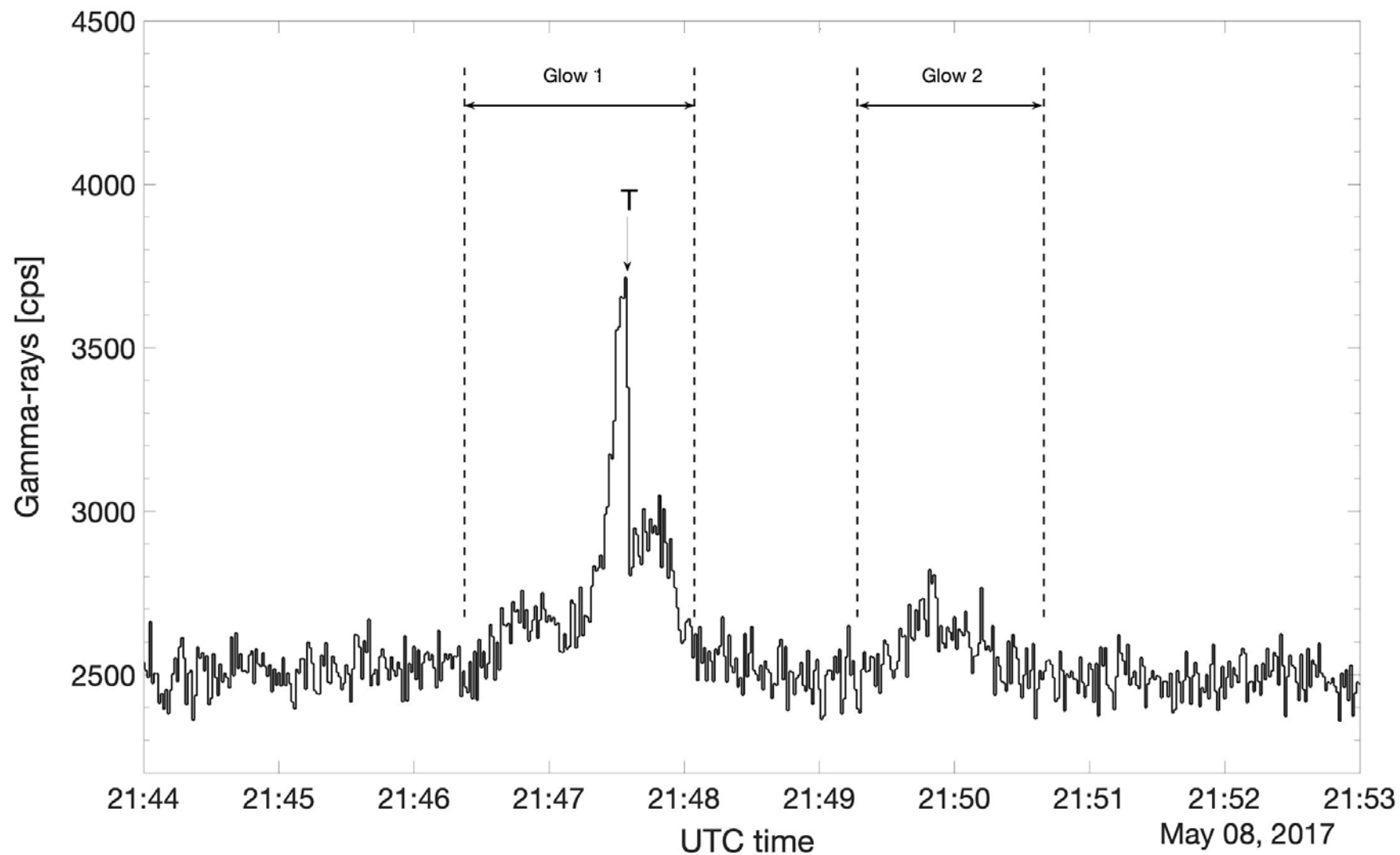
Østgaard N. et al., 2019, Gamma-ray glow observations at 20 km altitude, submitted to JGR

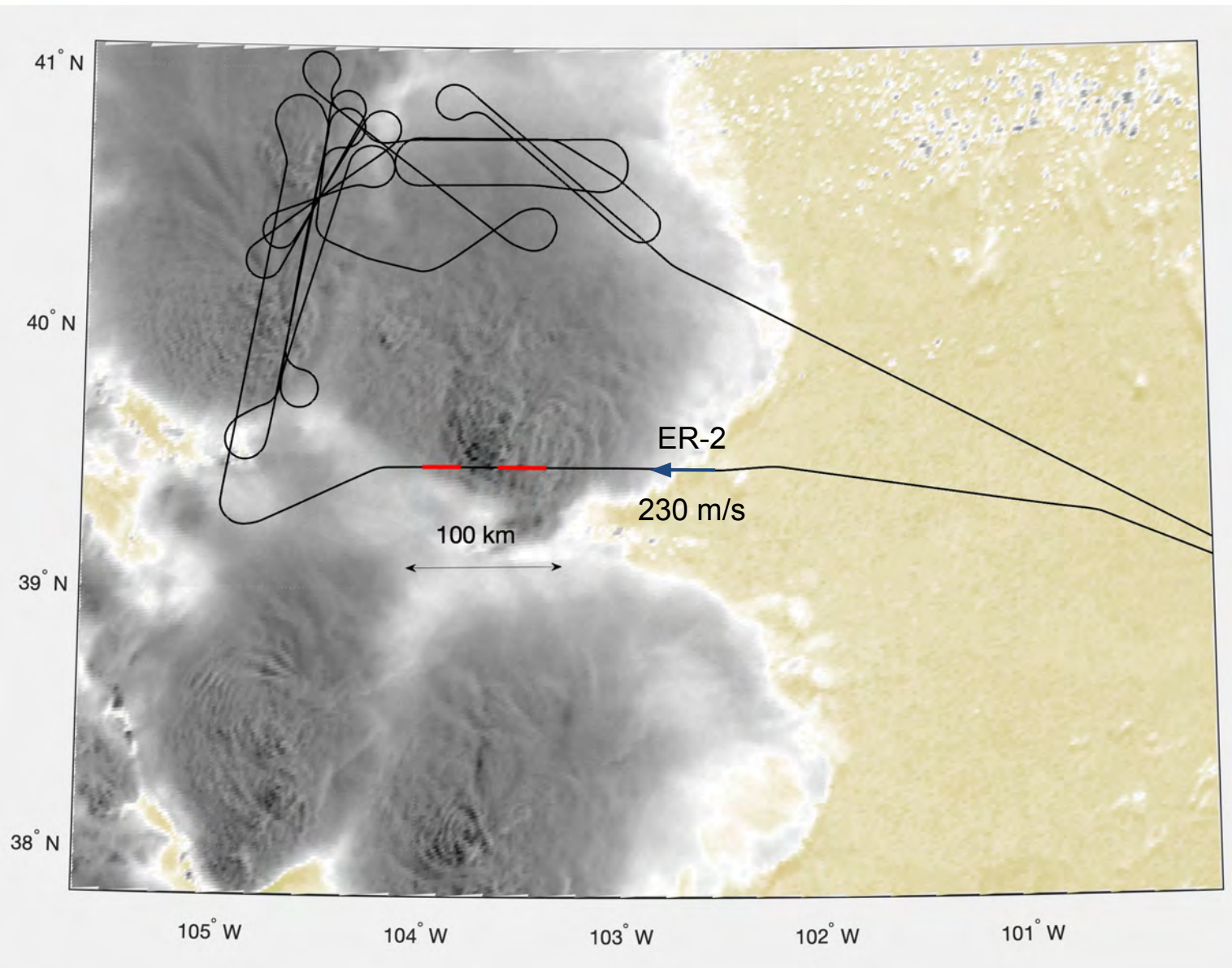
In-flight Lightning Damage Assessment System (**ILDAS, 2016**)



- Airbus A340, 12 km altitude, Darwin, Australia
- X-ray detectors: 2 LaBr3 (4 x 4 cm cylinder)
- Energy range: 0.05 - 10 MeV
- Lightning data: GPATS (hybrid VLF-VHF)

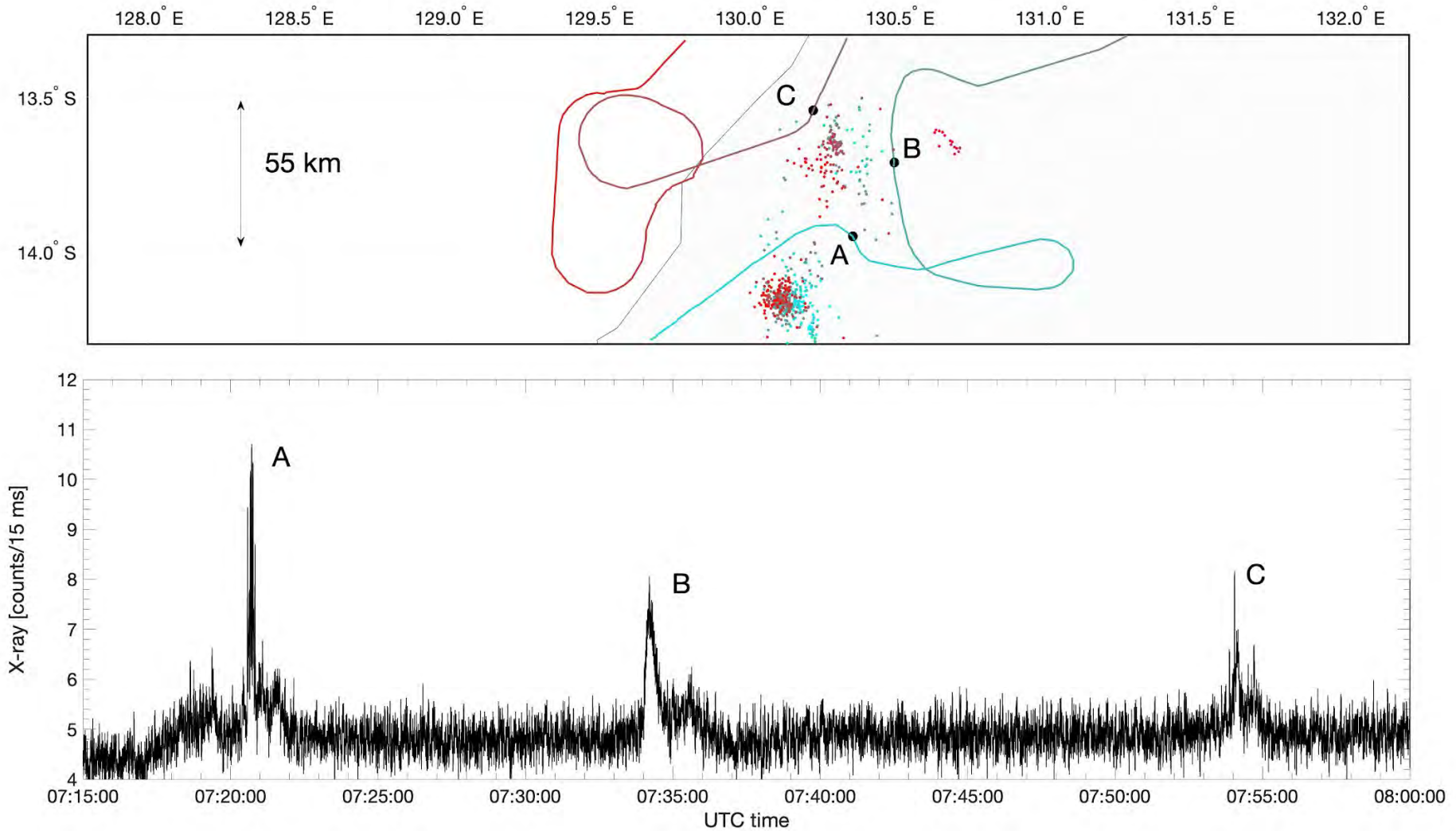
Kochkin P. et al. "In-Flight Observation of Positron Annihilation by ILDAS." *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres* 123.15 (2018): 8074-8090.





A thunderstorm near Darwin



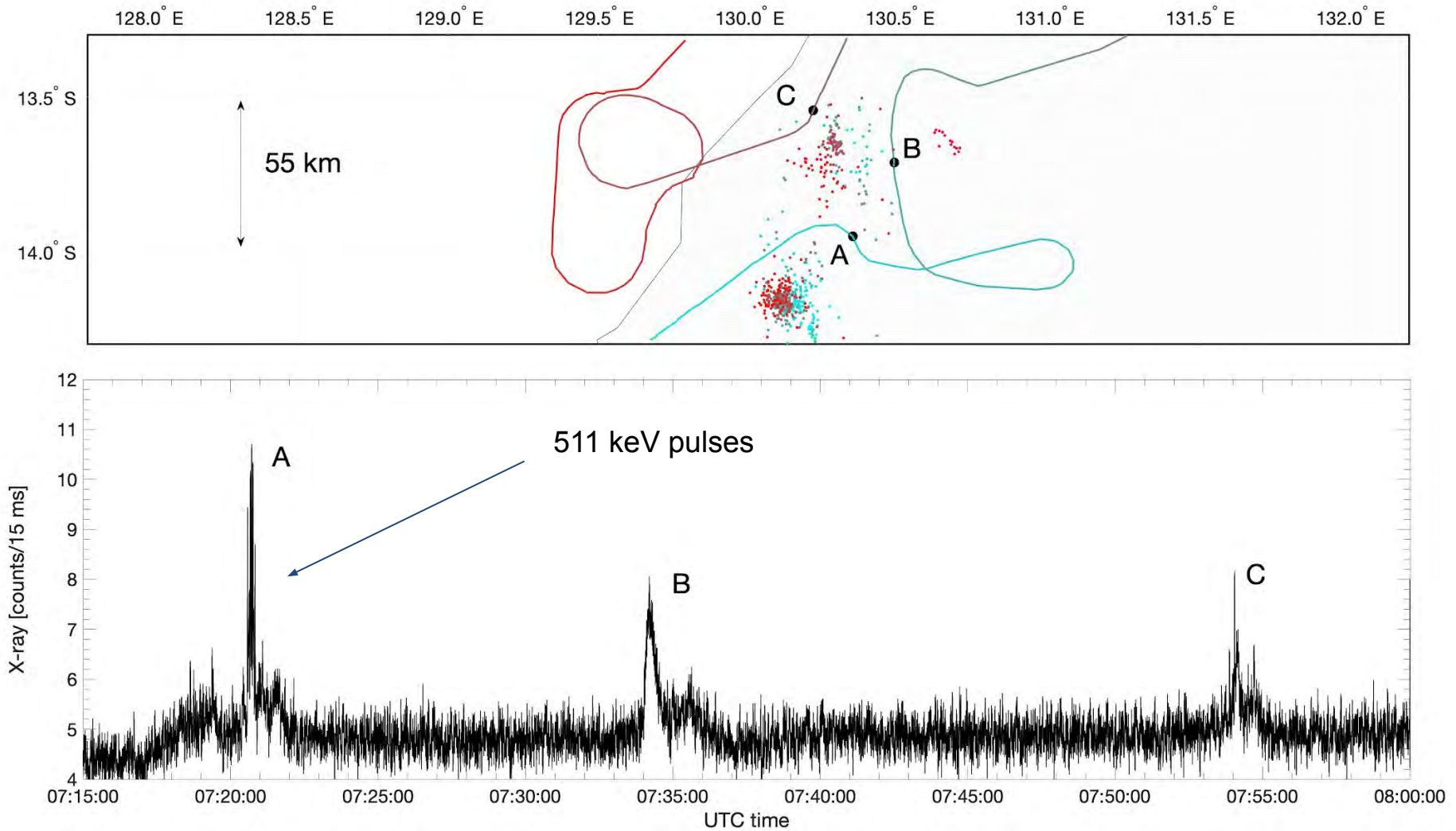


ILDAS animation

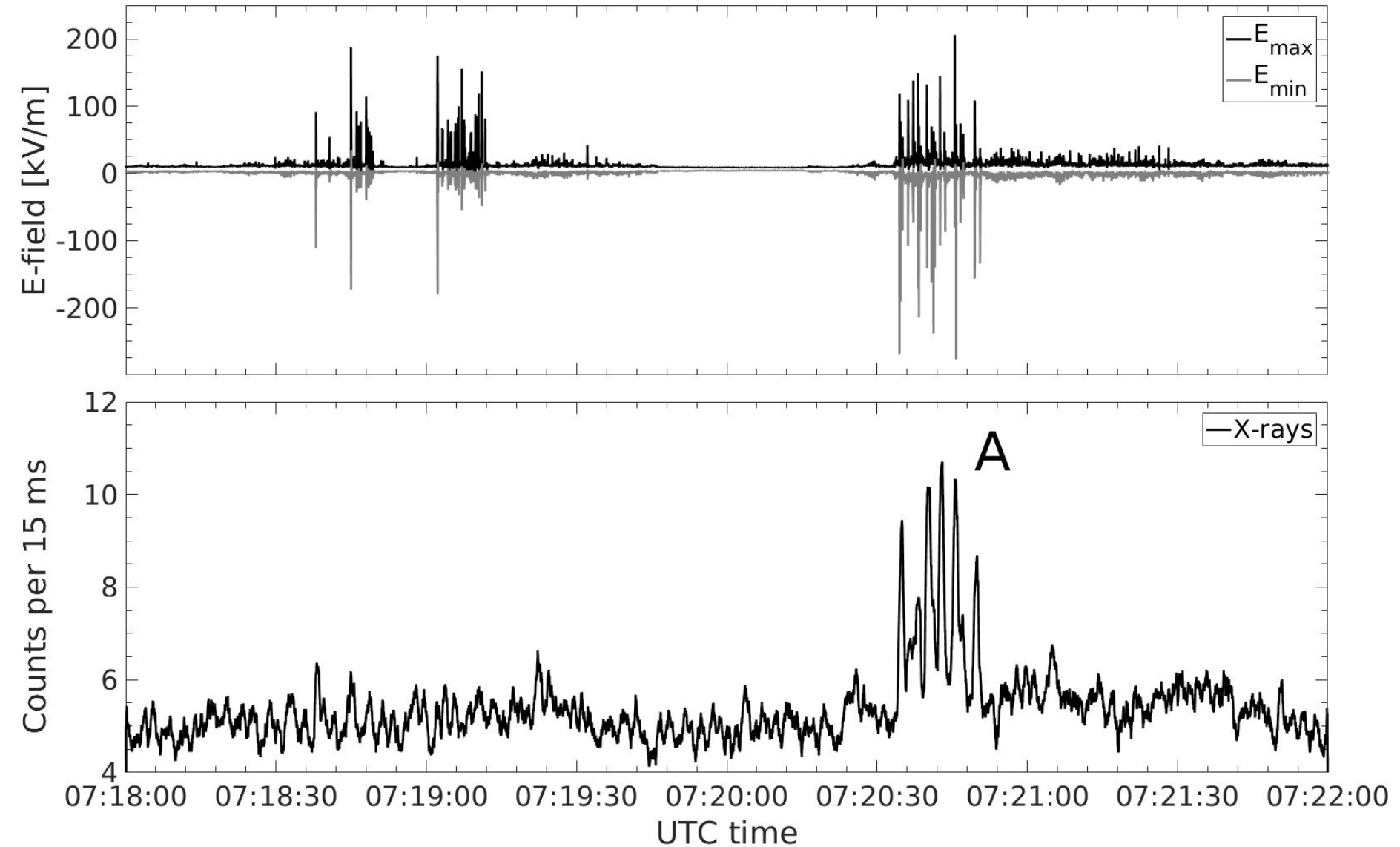
1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q7pMcu4OPj4>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u6lbpDh5Rwg>

ILDAS papers

1. <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0022-3727/48/42/425202/meta>
2. <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/pdf/10.1002/2017JD027405>
3. <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1029/2018JD028337>




511 keV pulses





Research Article |  Open Access |    

In-Flight Observation of Positron Annihilation by ILDA^S

P. Kochkin , D. Sarria, C. Skeie, A. P. J. van Deursen, A. I. de Boer, M. Bardet, C. Allasia, F. Flourens, N. Østgaard

First published: 23 June 2018 | <https://doi.org/10.1029/2018JD028337>

It was a ferry flight to Farragut, ID. Enroute there were many scattered thunder showers. As we approached Billings, Montana, the build-up was becoming more and more noticeable. We had severe radio static. Communication was impossible with Billings. To reduce static somewhat I reduced RPM. That was when we were struck directly on the nose section. Second of just blank, then a hurried look at gauges, radios, instruments and personnel. The Radio Operator said a ball of flame passed down the aisle through the door. The passenger said the ball of flame about the size of a basketball rolled down the aisle even with the right wing, out through the fuselage, down the wing and off the tip. After landing at Billings the aircraft was checked completely for any skin damage. None was found, but there was 70 ft. of trailing antenna burned off the radio station spool.





LED light reflection